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# About the icons







Write

CD content

Speak / about you







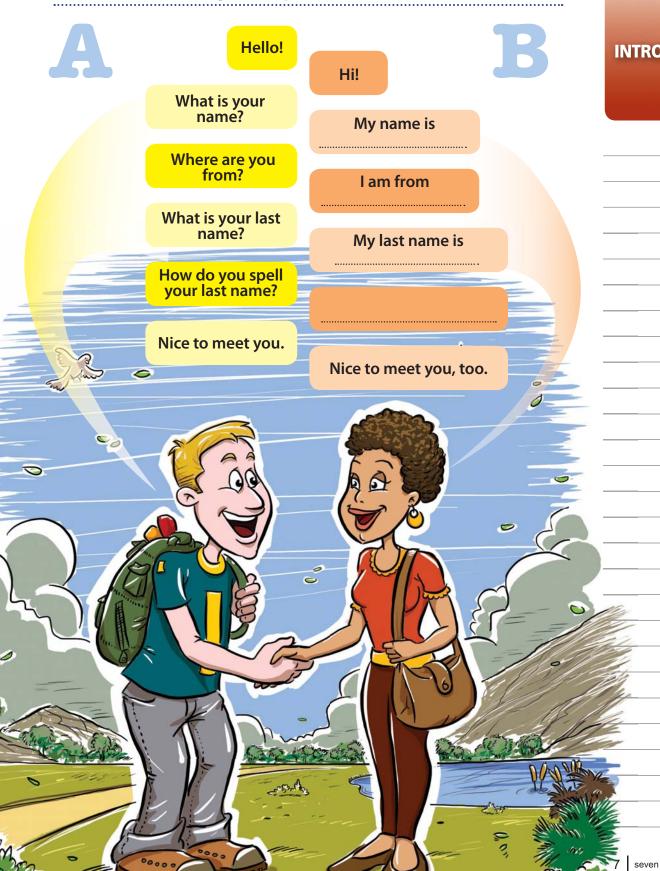
Game / fun

Idea

Read



1. Practice this dialog with a partner.





INTRODUCTION



# **Important Point**



# The Alphabet



**ANSWER** 



**J** JUICE











CLASSROOM



L LAMP





DICTIONARY





VILLAGE



ENGLISH





WORLD











PENCIL CASE





HOME



QUESTION





IMPORTANT



READING

### 2. The alphabet game

Make a paper ball. Stand up. Pass it to a classmate and say the first letter. The person who catches the ball has to say the next letter and so on.

# How are you?





How are you?



How are you?

A Oral activity	and the state of t
l am	
This	
I'm Thank you. And you?	

### How are you?

Hi Hello
Evening Fine, thanks
Very well How are you?

# How are you, Mrs. Brown?



HELLEN: Good morning, Mrs. Brown.

MRS. BROWN: Good morning Hellen.

HELLEN: How are you this morning?

MRS. BROWN: I'm very well. And you?

HELLEN: Fine, thanks. How is Mr. Brown?

MRS. BROWN: He is fine, thank you.

HELLEN: Good bye, Mrs. Brown.

MRS. BROWN: Good bye, Hellen.



How are you?

# $\rightarrow$

# Important Point 1



# Greetings and farewells

Hello
Good morning
How are you?
Good afternoon
Good evening
All right
Very well

Take care
Bye-bye
Good night
Good-bye
See you tomorrow
Well
Fine





How are you?

### **Examples:**

- A: Hello, Bill. How are you?
- **B:** Fine, thanks. And you?
- **A:** How are you this evening?
- **B:** Very well, thank you.
- **A:** How are you this afternoon?
- **B:** Fine, thanks. How are you?
- **A:** Good bye, Hellen. See you tomorrow morning.
- **B:** Good bye, Mrs. Brown. See you tomorrow.



# **E**xercises



1.	Fill	in	the	blanks	using	your	own	words.	

- a. \_\_\_\_\_you tomorrow.
- **b.** How are \_\_\_\_\_tonight?
- c. \_\_\_\_well, thanks.
- d. ...., thank you.
- e. .....evening, Mr. Green.
- f. How are you .....evening?
- g. Good ......
- **h.** are you?

2. Practice the conversation on page thirteen with a partner.



# Conversation

HARRY: Good morning. How are you this morning?

PAUL: I'm just fine, thanks. And how are you?

HARRY: Fine, thanks. Are you a student?

PAUL: Yes, I am. And you? Are you a student too?

HARRY: Yes. My name is Long.

PAUL: What's your first name?

HARRY: My first name is Harry. My name is Harry Long.

PAUL: I am Paul.

HARRY: What's your last name, Paul?

PAUL: My last name is Johnson.

PAUL: My name is Paul Johnson.

HARRY: How do you spell your last name?

PAUL: Johnson. J-O-H-N-S-O-N.

HARRY: Nice to meet you, Paul.

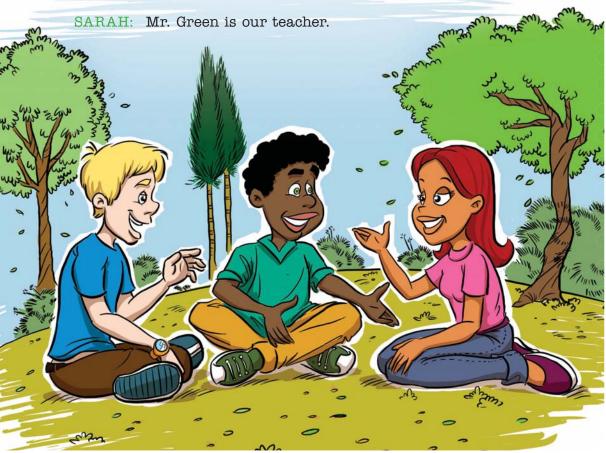
PAUL: Nice to meet you too, Harry.

PAUL: This is Sarah. She is my girlfriend.

HARRY: Nice to meet you, Sarah.

SARAH: Nice to meet you too, Harry.

PAUL: We are in the same classroom.





How are you?

13 thirteen



How are you?

# Important Point 2



### Verb To Be

I You He Mr. Green She Sarah It We They am (I'm)
are (You're)
is (He's)
is
is (She's)
is
is (It's)
are (We're)
are (They're)

Paul.
a student.
my friend.
a teacher.
Sarah.
my girlfriend.
a pen.
in the same classroom.
in the school.



### 3. Use the right verb: AM, IS or ARE

a. Shevery well, thank you.
<b>b.</b> Mr. and Mrs. Greenteachers.
C. Bill and Hellenvery well.
d. Billmy boyfriend.
e. Hellenin my classroom.
f. I fine. Thanks.
<b>g.</b> Itmy pencil.
h. Sarah and Iat school.
i. Howyou?
j. He and my sisterat the club now.
k. Mrs. Greena teacher.
Paul, Harry and Sarahstudents.
m. Weat school.

**n.** They \_\_\_\_\_ at home. They \_\_\_\_ at the restaurant.



	5	. Fin	d th	e wo	rds.		•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••••
C	5 	ັ. Fin	d th	e wo	rds.	C	0	R	T	N	G	M	J	K
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How are you?

5	6. The best memory!

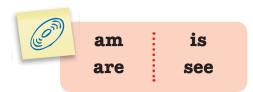
Choose a classmate and introduce him / her to your group.

Example:
This is
He is from
He is a
Now, make 6 sentences using the words from the word list.

**Word list** 



# **Verb forms**



# **Expressions**



good bye
good night
bye
thanks



# **Exercises**



### 1. Test your verbs.

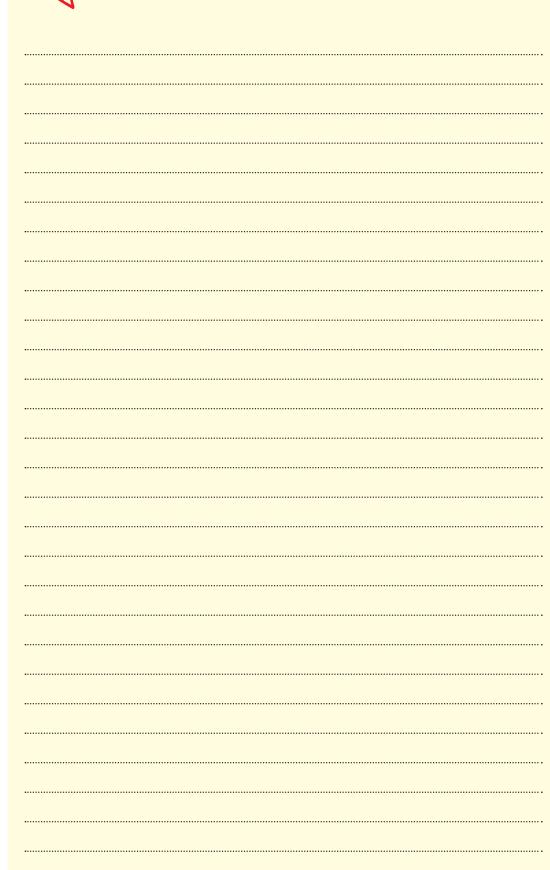
- a. He ..... my classmate.
- **b.** They'.....in the same classroom.
- c. She' ..... the English teacher.
- d. I .....at school, now.
- e. We'.....friends.
- f. You.....an English student.
- g. Hellen and Bill ......cousins.
- h. Sarah, Harry and Paul .....new students.
- What' ......your name?
- j. How old.....you?
- k. How old ......your mother / father?
- l. Who .....!?
- m. You' ..... my students.



How are you?



How are you?



# Let's begin



Let's begin



### Let's begin

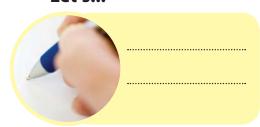
# Oral and written activities

### Let's + Verbs



How many verbs are you able to associate?

Let's...

















Pick up the verbs from the box below.

have dinner • study • play cards • listen to music
• write • read • work • ride on a horse

# **Let's Begin**



BILL: Good morning, John. How are you?

JOHN: I'm fine, thanks, Bill. Please come in.

BILL: Thank you. How is Mrs. Smith today?

JOHN: She's very well, thanks. BILL: Please sit down, John.

JOHN: Thank you.

BILL: Let's read lesson three.

JOHN: Fine.



2

HELLEN: Hello, Betty.

BETTY: Good afternoon, Hellen.

HELLEN: It's time to study now.

BETTY: Fine. Let's begin the lesson. HELLEN: Please open your book,

Betty. Repeat the dialogs.

BETTY: Yes, Let's read lesson five.



MR.GREEN: Good evening, Mr. Brown.

MR.BROWN: Good evening, how are

you this evening?

MR. GREEN: I'm very well. And how

are you?

MR.BROWN: I'm fine, thanks.

MR.GREEN: Please, come in and sit down, Mr. Brown. It's time to begin.
MR.BROWN: That's fine. Let's begin.



TEACHER: Let's begin!

PAMELA: Please, teacher. How do you say "borracha" in English?
TEACHER: You say "eraser".

PAMELA: Thanks. And how do you

say "pegar emprestado"?
TEACHER: You say "borrow".
PAMELA: Can I borrow your

eraser, Chris?

CHRIS: Of course, here you are.

PAMELA: Thank you.





Let's begin



Let's begin





# **E**xercises



### 1. Use the right word.

repeat • stand • come • time • listen • open • close sit • read • say • fine • begin • pay • take

a.	up, please.
b.	in now.
c.	It'sto begin.
d.	please.
e.	and repeat.
f.	Please,your dictionaries.
g.	the dialog on page 21, please.
h.	down, please.
i.	How do you" "TAREFA" in English?
j.	the books on page 23.
k.	Let's
I.	attention.
m.	That's
n.	notes



### 2. Match the columns.

Α

- a. How do you say "caneta" in English?
- **b.** Can I borrow your pen?
- . Please, come in and
- d. It's time to read
- e. Please, listen to
- **f.** Repeat

B

- the dialog.
- after me.
- you say "pen".
- Yes, of course.
- meet your classmates.
  - the word list.



Let's begin



Let's begin



### 3. Group work.

Simon says: Give instructions to your classmates. E.g. Simon says "open your notebooks";

# $\rightarrow$

# **Important Point 1**



### **Numbers**

- 0 oh / zero
- 1 one
- 2 two
- 3 three
- 4 four
- + plus
- x times

- 5 five
- 6 six
- 7 seven
- 8 eight
- 9 nine
- 10 ten
- minus
- : divided by





# **E**xercises



### 1. What is the result?

- **a.** seven two = \_\_\_\_\_
- **b.** three + six = \_\_\_\_\_
- **c.** four one = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **d.** six + two = \_\_\_\_\_
- **e.** nine four = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **f.** eight + one = .....
- **g.** two + three + five = \_\_\_\_\_\_
- h. ten two + one = \_\_\_\_\_
- ten : two + one = \_\_\_\_\_
- two x four two = .....
- **k.** nine x one eight = \_\_\_\_\_\_



### 2. Group work. Competition.

Cut pieces of paper. On each piece, write a number from 0 to 5. Put them in a bag.

Get two numbers out of the bag. Add or correct them.

### 3. Pair work.

With a partner, take turns counting only the odd numbers. Then, count only the even numbers.





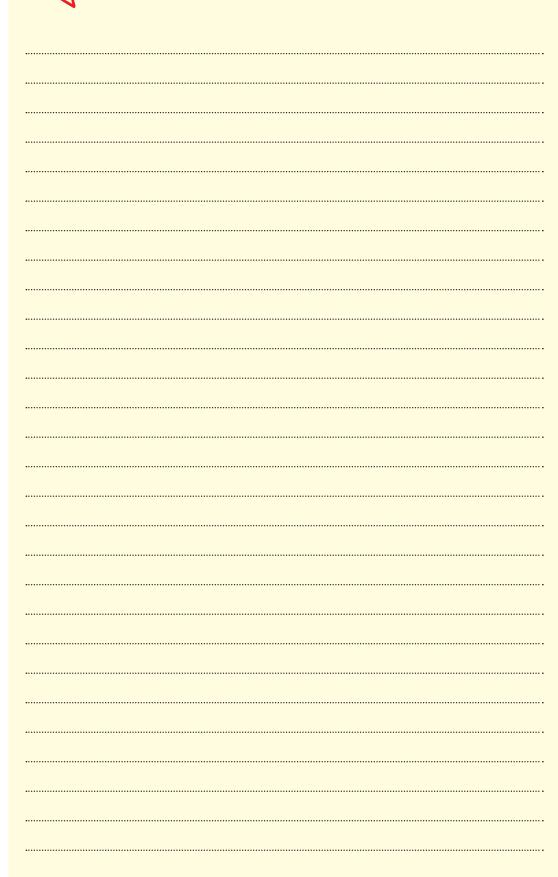
Let's begin

# **Verb** forms

begin borrow	give listen	read repeat	sit down take
close	match	stand up	
come in	open	study	



Let's begin

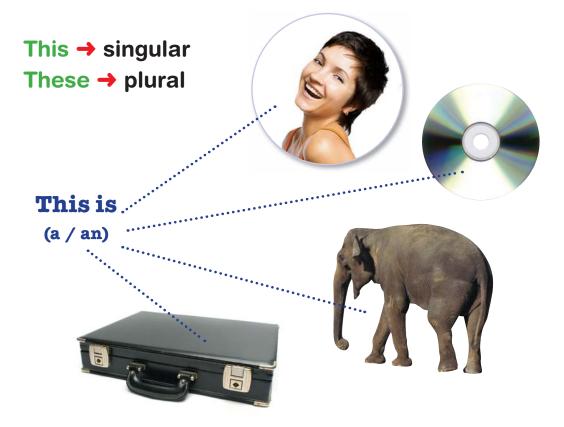


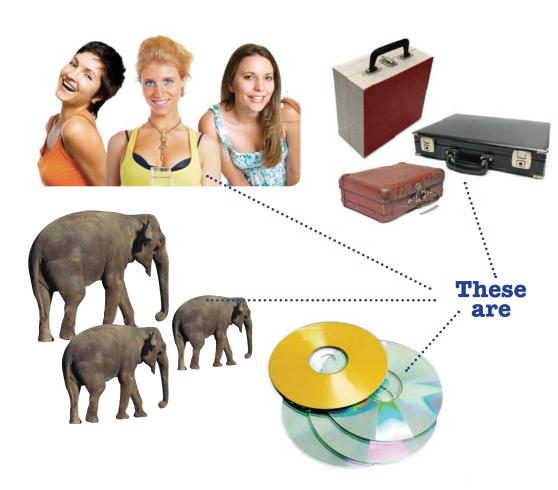


What is this?



# ? Oral activity







### Questions and answers

JENNIFER: What's this? SUE: This is a notebook.

JENNIFER: Is it your notebook? SUE: Yes, and this is my bag.

JENNIFER: And is this your

ruler?

SUE: No, it's Janet's.

JENNIFER: Is this Janet's pen? SUE: No, her pen is different.

JENNIFER: It is 301 A.

SUE: Fred and Janet are in a different class. Their classroom number is 301 B.

JENNIFER: They are in Mr. Platt's class and we are in Mrs. Nicholson's class.

SUE: Our classroom is near the patio and their classroom is near the cafeteria.



What is this?

JENNIFER: Oh, it is Fred's. His	
name is here.	
SUE: Jennifer, what is our	
classroom number?	
333 856	
words Emit in	
	1.21

### 1. Game

Put some objects in a dark bag and give them to a classmate. He / She has to guess what the objects are.



# $\rightarrow$ Important Point 1



# **Possessive Adjectives**

I My
You Your
He His
She Her
It Its
We Our
They Their

This is my bag.
Is this your ruler?
His name is here.
Her pen is different.
Its name is "First World"
What is our classroom number?
Their classroom number is 301B.





**Genitive Case: 'S** 

It is Janet's ruler.
It's Fred's pen.
They are in Mr. Platt's class.
We are in Mrs. Nicholson's class.





# **E**xercises



# 1. Answer the following questions.

_	
a.	Whose dictionaries are these? (their)
b.	Whose pencil is this? (your)
•••••	
C.	Whose chairs are these? (my)
d.	Whose car is this? (her)
	M/b o o o la vi af a a o o a vo tila a o o 2 (co)
e.	Whose briefcases are these? (my)
f.	Whose cat is this? (Robert)
a.	Whose bags are these? (Mr. Green)
3.	Whose bags are these. (Mr. diceri)
•••••	
h.	Whose sandwich is this? (Mrs. Green)
i.	Whose notebooks are these? (your classmate)
	<b>,</b>
•••••	
	2. Use the right possessive: HER - HIS - THEIR - OUR - MY
a.	This is Cindy's pen. It'spen.
b.	This is Billy's desk . It'sdesk.
C.	This is Richard's notebook . It'snotebook.
d.	This is David's briefcase . This isbriefcase.
	This is buying a briefease. This isbriefease.



0.0.0				_
1/1/	hat	10	thi	0'7
ww	11/41	13		
~ ~	11010			$\sim$ $\cdot$





### 3. Circle the correct word.

MIKE: Is this (Carol's / his) pencil case?

PAUL: No. It isn't. (Her / hers) pencil case is that pink one.

MIKE: Oh, I see. So, the blue one is (Jim's / your).

MEG: Is this (Steve / Steve's) backpack?

JUSTIN: Yes, it is (him / his).

MEG: I have a backpack. (My / mine) backpack is red.

JUSTIN: Great! I want one. (You / Your) backpack is nice.



### 4. Game.

Secretely give an object to your teacher. Try to guess to whom the object belongs.

.....

### **Example:**

Whose eraser is this? I think it is Priscilla's.

5. Answer the questions using 'S.	
a. Who is that man over there? (Robert – father)	IINIIT
<b>b.</b> Whose is the best project? (Steve)	3
C. Whose toys are these? (the children)	What is this?
d. Is this your uncle? (My cousin – friend)	
e. Whose dictionaries are these? (The students)	
6. Change into English.	
a. Uma das maiores atrizes do mundo.	
b. O amigo do garoto.	
C. Férias de dois meses.	
d. O jornal de ontem.	
e. Paul e Tom estão na mesma sala de aula.	
f. Bom dia, como você está hoje?	
g. Posso emprestar a sua borracha?	



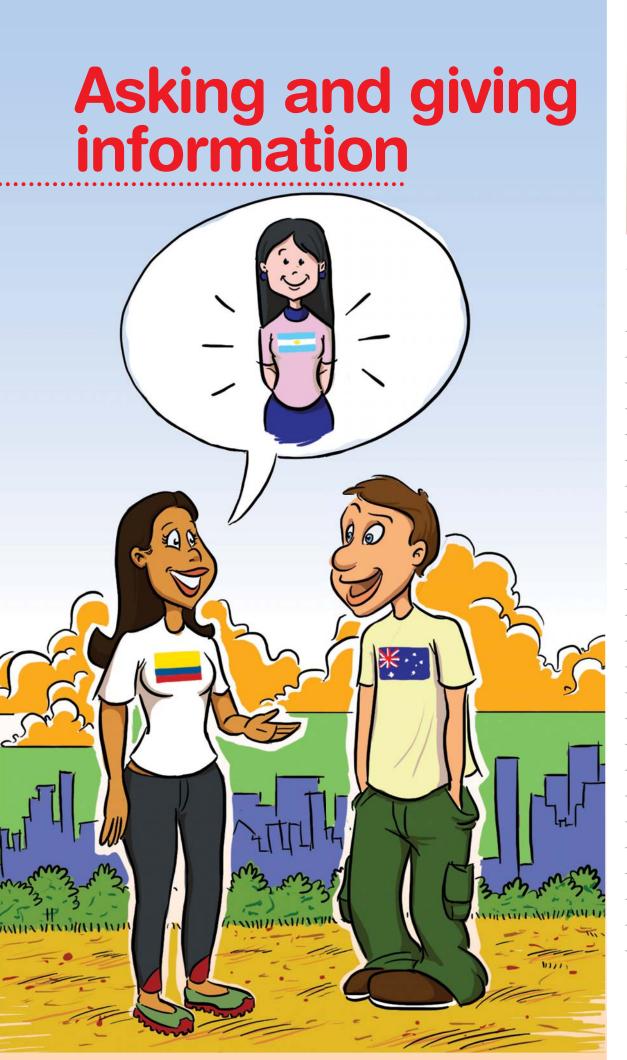


# **Verb forms**



think try want

<b>Notes</b>	





Asking and giving information

35 thirty five



Asking and giving information

# ? Oral activity







## Asking and giving information

STEVE: Are you Brazilian, Janet?

JANET: No, I'm not. I am Colombian.

STEVE: And where is Jessica from? Is she Brazilian?

JANET: No, she isn't. She is from Argentina.

What about you? What is your

nationality?

STEVE: I am Australian and my parents are

Italian.

JANET: Are they in Italy now?

STEVE: No, they aren't. They are on vacation

in Bahia.

JANET: This excursion is really

interesting. There are people

from everywhere!

STEVE: And suitcases from

everywhere, too. Whose suitcase is this? The only identification on it is this green and yellow tag and the initials J.S.

JANET: Oh, it is Jane Silva's. She

is Brazilian.





Asking and giving information



## $\longrightarrow$ Important Point 1



The USA - American



**England** - English



**Switzerland** - Swiss



**Greece** - Greek



**Turkey** - Turkish



**Portugal** - Portuguese



**Spain** - Spanish



Australia - Australian



**Africa** - African



**Brazil** - Brazilian



China - Chinese

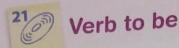


**Germany** - German



Asking and giving information

# > Important Point 2



# AFFIRMATIVE I am You are He is She is INTERROGATIVE Am I...? Are you...? Is he...?

It is Is it...?

We are Are we...?

They are Are they...?

# I am not You are not He is not She is not It is not We are not

They are not



Observe:

What is = What's Where is = Where's Whose...is?



#### **E**xercises

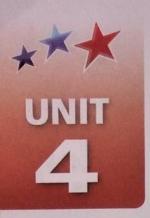


# 1. Complete with the correct form of verb TO BE: Affirmative, Interrogative or Negative forms.

a.	Frances and Jeremy in my class. They are in Kelly's class.	
b.	Jason here?	
c.	Mandy at school. She at the club.	
u.	you Phillip? No, I Phillip. I	P
-	a beautiful day!	
T.	Where	
g.	We in class. We in the cafeteria.	
	the English teachers	
I.	Theyin the library The	
j.	I	

k.	Mary Helen at work. She is at her grandparents'.	
1.	he your boyfriend? No, he	*
m.	Theyin the same unit.	HIN
n.	Junior at the bank? No, he at the store.	O.
0.	Peter and John scientists. They doctors.	4
p.	this man from the USA? No, he from Germany.	Asking
q.	this a good Chinese restaurant?	and givin
23	2. Change into questions.	informat
4	a. They are my friends.	
	b. Ian is a basketball player.	
C.	We are in front of the shopping center.	
d.	She is our biology teacher.	-
e.	I am the English teacher.	•
f.	He is in the cafeteria.	
	They are in the library preparing a speech.	
g.	They are in the library preparing in	
h	That is my friend Harry.	
i.	My teacher is in the classroom.	
******		

ng tion



Asking and giving information

J. These are my classifiate a p	
k. Peter and John are scientists.	
Mary and Helen's house is near the bakery.	
3. Change into negative.	
a. This is my city.	
<b>b.</b> I am happy.	
C. Hector is an engineering student.	
d. That is your notebook.	
e. She is our Arts teacher.	
f. Harry is our classmate.	
g. We are reading lesson 3.	
h. They are sad.	
i. Paul Johnson is in Peter's class.	



### 4. Circle the correct form.

- a. This excursion (is / are) very nice.
- b. (Is / Are) your friends Brazilian?
- c. Hillary and I (is / are) not from Bolivia.
- d. (Is / Are) you 17 years old?
- e. Bart and Greg (is / are) not brothers.
- f. Mary (is / isn't) Japanese. She is Chinese.
- g. My friends (are / aren't) in town. They are on vacation.
- h. How old (are / is) you?
- i. Mr. and Mrs. Green (are / are not) married. They have two children.
- **j.** She (is / is not) my sister. She's just a friend.



#### 5. Give real information.

Example: My name is David.

My name is not David. My name is Ann.

- a. Today is very hot.
- b. My teacher is Jessica.
- C. My school is in Rio de Janeiro.
- d. My classmates are in the classroom.
- e. I am in my bedroom.
- f. I am good at languages.



Asking and giving information



Asking and giving information

- g. My mother is a teacher.
- h. My favorite color is black.
- i. My friends are at the club now.
- i. I'm the teacher.
- k. We are at school in the morning.
- My favorite food is fish.
- m. My friends are not nice partners.
- n. English is a difficult language.
- We are in lesson 10.

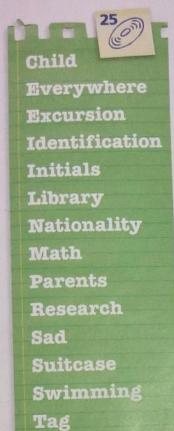


#### 6. Interview your classmates. Find a person who:

- → is 20 years old.
- >> is not from Rio Grande do Sul.
- >> is an only child.
- → is at university.
- → is good at math.
- → is good at biology.
- is good at sports.
- is studying English.
- is good at swimming.
- is a good student.
- >> is an American.



# √Word list





WNIT 4

Asking and giving information

#### **Verb forms**

To ask To change To chale To complete
To do
To interview



### Notes

# John's bedroom is a mess





John's bedroom is a mess

# \*\*\* UNIT

5

John's bedroom is a mess

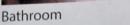
# Oral and written activities

Where do you keep these things?



night table







Living-room



Kitchen



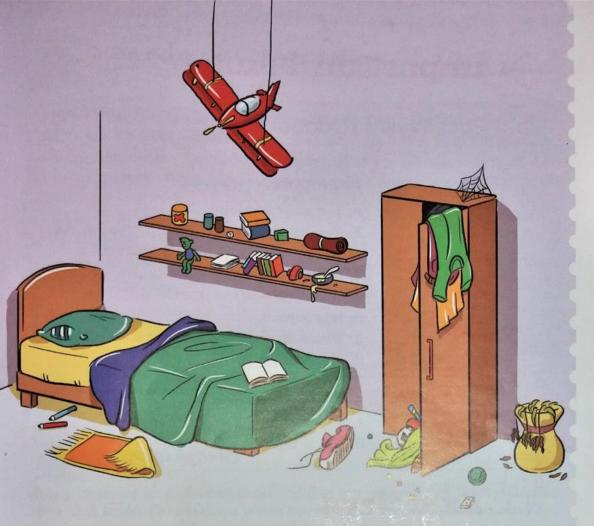
Bedroom



Backyard



Laundry



# w\*\* UNIT 5

John's bedroom is a mess

## John's bedroom is a mess



BILL: Please, clean your bedroom, John!

JOHN: Ok... Just a moment.

BILL: Here you are - scissors, books,

notebooks, pencils, and papers.

JOHN: Thanks. And where are your things?

BILL: My things aren't here. They are in the living room.

JOHN: Is that your jacket?

BILL: Yes, it is. And that's my Eminem CD.





JOHN: Very good. Whose dictionary is that? Is it yours?

BILL: No, it's not mine.

JOHN: Maybe it is Jennifer's. Oh, yes. Her name is

here. It is hers.



John's bedroom is a mess

# Important Point 1



# **Possessive Pronouns**

	0000
1	Mine
You	Yours
He	His
She	Hers
It	Its
We	Ours
You	Yours
They	Theirs

#### **Examples:**

- A: Is that your book?
- B: Yes, it's mine.
- A: Whose pencil is this? Is it yours?
- B: No, it is not mine.
- A: Whose notebook is this?
- B: It is ours.
- A: Whose dictionary is this? Is it Jack's?
- B: Yes, it is his.
- A: Is this Amanda's pen?
- B: Yes, it is. It is hers.
- A: This radio is Ryan and Tom's.
- B: Yes, it is theirs.



# Exercises



#### 1. Use the right possessive.

	***************************************	
a.	That's car.	(our / ours)
b.	That dog is	(my/mine)
c.	That's dictionary.	(your / yours)
	That's cat.	
e.	That pen is	(her / hers)
	That briefcase is	(your / yours)
	That's classroom.	(our / ours)
	That's paper.	(my / mine)
i.	That'snotebook.	(her/hers)
j.	That blackboard is	(their / theirs)
		, sileits)



#### 2. Put the things in the right place.

toothbrush • watch • dress • computer • socks • jacket • CD • tie • skirt • make-up • brush • shoes • mobile phone • toothpaste • briefcase • dictionary • pants • blouse • lipstick • glasses • cap • clock • coat • pajamas

clothes	objetcs	personal use

	×		E
H	1	X	
ty	1	100	
P	+		X

#### 3. Group Activity

Write a sentence on a piece of paper and give it to your teacher. Don't write your name. One student has to guess whose handwriting it is. If he/she makes a mistake, the indicated student has to stand up and repeat the activity.

Handwriting:

Write a sentence.

#### **Example:**

DAVID: I think this is hers. (pointing to Maria).

MARIA: No, it is not mine. I think it is his. (pointing to Robert)

ROBERT: Yes. It is mine.

Now, Robert gets another piece of paper and goes on.

*	*	7	K
U	N	II	ſ
	5	5	
		×* UN	** UNII  5

Jo	h	n's
be	ed	room
is	a	mess



John's bedroom is a mess





## First day of class

MRS. BROWN: Good morning, Martha.

How are you?

MARTHA: Fine, thanks. And you?

MRS. BROWN: Very well, thank you.

MARTHA: Is this my classroom?

MRS. BROWN: Yes, it is.

MARTHA: Is that my desk?

MRS. BROWN: Yes, it is. And are those your books?

MARTHA: No, they aren't. Those books aren't mine.

MRS. BROWN: Where are yours?

MARTHA: My books are over there.

MRS. BROWN: Are these your pens?

MARTHA: Yes, they are. Thank you, teacher.

Is it time to begin the class?

MRS. BROWN: Yes, it is. Let's begin lesson one.



## **Important Point 2**



#### **Demonstrative Pronouns**

**THIS:** Is this my classroom?

THESE: Are these your pens?

THAT: Is that my desk?

**THOSE:** Are those your books?



## Exercises



# 1. Complete the sentences with THIS IS or THESE ARE.

a. her pencils.

b. his notebook.

G	my briefcase.		**
d	her dictionaries.		
е	your desk.		UNIT
f	my computer.		IE
g	the new lesson.		2
h	our teachers.	•	John's
i	my friends.		bedroom
j	their socks.		is a mess
k.			
1.	their watches.		-
m			
	your caps.		
2. Organize these se a. And - Thomas - are - those - Susa	***************************************		
<b>b.</b> My - this - diary - is.			
C. Teacher - that - is - my.	-4-19		
d. Papers - mine - these - are.			
a. rapers-mine-these are.	-		
e. Hospital - is - a - my - there - hous	se - near.		
f. The - on - floor - the - mine - are -	- books.		
Cl. Phone has this washile to			
<b>g.</b> Phone - her - this - mobile - is.			
h. Bathroom - toothbrush - the - in	- her - is.		



John's bedroom is a mess



### 3. Group Activity

Prepare posters to decorate your classroom.

Draw pictures of objects or cut them from magazines.

Write under each one: "This is.... / These are...."



Blanket Blouse Brush

Cap

CD

Clock Clothes

Coat

Computer

Desk

Diary Dress

Glasses

Jacket

Lessons

Lipstick

Mess

Mobile phone

Page

**Pants** 

Papers

Pencils

Pens

Pillow

Scissors

Shoes

Skirt

Socks

Teacher

Things

Tie

Toothbrush

Toothpaste

Watch

What

Where

Verb forms

To clean
To cut
To decorate
To draw
To go on

To organize
To point
To prepare
To write

# What do you do?





What do you do?





What do you do?

# Oral and written activities



What do you know about the people below? What do they do?































bus driver
electrician
gardener
nurse
seamstress
farmer
computer
programmer
secretary
hairdresser
architect

How about you? What's your occupation?

I'm (a/an)



unit 6

What do you do?

What do you do?

# What is your occupation?



#### At school

HARRY: Hello. I'm Harry Long.

JACK: Hello, Harry. I'm Jack Smith.

HARRY: Are you a student, Jack?

JACK: No, I'm not. I'm the Math teacher.

HARRY: Really?

JACK: Yes, I am. What about you?

HARRY: I'm a teacher too. And who is that lady over there? Is she a

teacher or a student?

JACK: She is the English teacher.

HARRY: Is that man a student?

JACK: No, he's not. He's a doctor. That's Dr. Rice.

HARRY: This is my first day here. I am the new geography

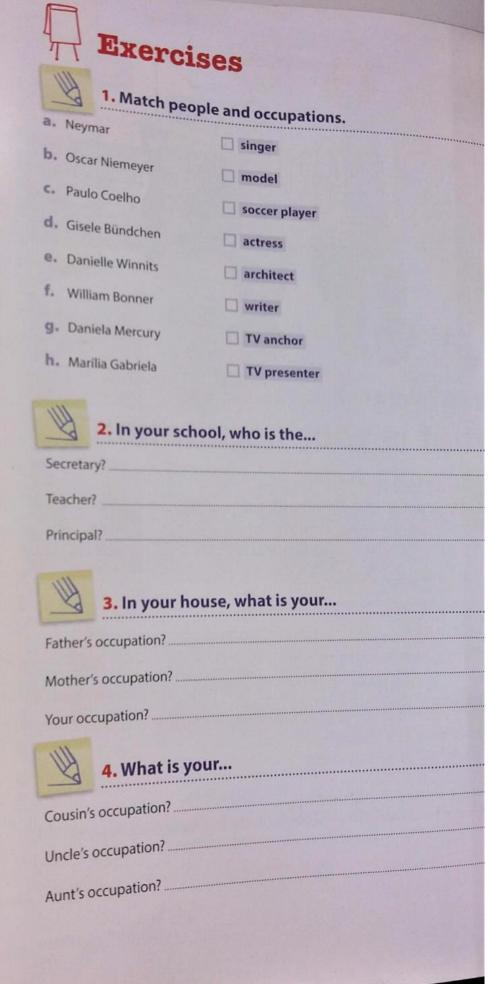
teacher.

JACK: Welcome, Harry. Let me introduce you to the other teachers.

HARRY: Thanks a lot.



What do you do?



5. In your classroom, what is/are your classmate's (s') occupation (s)?	***
	UNIT 6
6. What are other occupations you know?	What do you do?
7. What are other occupations your classmates know?	
8. People and occupations don't match. Correct the exercises.	
Example: Jorge Amado is an architect. (INCORRECT) Jorge Amado isn't an architect. He is a writer.	



What do you do?

- a. Gilberto Gil is an actor. (singer)
- **b.** Pedro Bial and Gloria Maria are singers. (TV presenters)
- C. Oscar Niemeyer is a tennis player. (architect)
- d. Fernando Henrique Cardoso is an engineer. (sociologist)
- e. Regina Duarte is a veterinarian. (actress)
- f. Edson Celulari is an architect. (actor)
- g. Paulo Coelho is a singer. (writer)
- h. Neymar is an actor. (soccer player)



9. Who works...



- a. in an office?
- b. in a hospital?
- c. in a school?
- d. in a television network?
- e. in a restaurant?

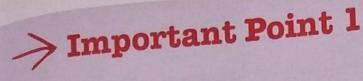








..... Mime an occupation. Your classmates have to guess what professional you are miming.



# **Indefinite Article**

soccer player teacher journalist

AN engineer architect actor

no article with plurals (actors,



What do you do?



# Exercises



# 1. Complete with A , AN or NOTHING (x).

a. Joanna Prado is \_\_\_\_\_\_ dancer. b. Zeca Camargo is \_\_\_\_\_\_TV presenter. d. William Bonner is \_\_\_\_\_\_journalist. 

f. Socrates and Zico are ......soccer players.

g. Alanis Morissete is ......singer.

h. Patrícia and Luana are \_\_\_\_\_\_friends.

i. Eric is \_\_\_\_\_old friend.

John is \_\_\_\_\_ English student.



What do you do?



## 2. Use the right word.

are • an • who • teacher • a • where • twenty • desks • old • your

a.	Jack Smith is	doctor.
b.	Is that lady your	?
	I'm	
		are those people?
	We	
f.		are you from?
g.	How	are you?
h.	I'm	years old.
i.	Is this	cap?
j.	Look! These	are dirty.

111.
1117
K

#### 3. Circle the correct word.

a.		am a professor. my / I / he
b.		are doctors. we / our / Bob
c.		is that lady? what / her / who
d.	ls	our dictionary? these / that / those
		is an engineer? am / these / Mary
		name is Gilbert. he / his / these
		musicians. are / a / an
		Spitfire. Mr. / her / his.
1.	What's	occupation? I / who / your
J.	What's	car parked in the parking lot? him / his /
k.	ls	

its

# Word list

Actor

People

Actress

Person

Architect

Player

Dancer

President

Doctor

**Professor** 

(Dr.)

Really

Engineer

Reporter

Journalist

Student

Lady

TV anchor

Model

Who

Over there

Writer





What do you do?

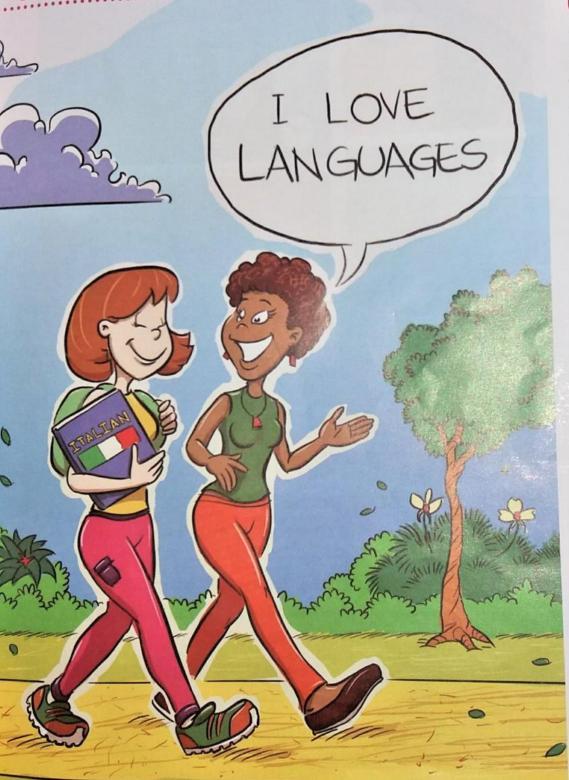




Verb forms

To correct To look To mime

# Tell me about your life





Tell me about your life

# UNIT

Tell me about your life

# Oral and written activities



What do you do every day? What's your daily routine?









1 always .....

#### Name other daily activities!

take a shower

clean the house study

work work







in the morning

in the afternoon

in the evening

at night

ALWAYS

FREQUENTLY

GENERALLY USUALLY

**OFTEN** 

SOMETIMES

OCCASIONALLY

RARELY

100% -

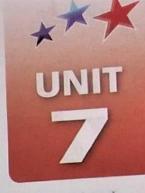
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# Tell me about your life

My name is Martha, I have many friends. I like to go to school in the morning, I walk to school because I don't drive and I don't have a car. I don't work.

And you?	
And you:	
***************************************	
	***************************************



Tell me about your life

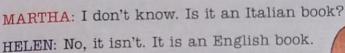


#### Martha and Helen

HELEN: Martha, do you have a book?

MARTHA: Yes, but I don't know where my book is now.

HELEN: Here's a book. Is it yours?



MARTHA: That's not my book.

HELEN: Do you speak Italian?

MARTHA: Yes, I speak Italian

and Spanish.

HELEN: Do you like

languages?

MARTHA: I love languages.



I LOVE

ANGUAGES



# Important Point



#### The Simple Present Tense Affirmative, Negative and Interrogative.

#### **AFFIRMATIVE**

I speak Italian.

I love languages.

I walk to school.

#### NEGATIVE

I don't speak Italian.

I don't drive.

I don't have a car.

#### INTERROGATIVE

Do you speak a foreign language?

Do you speak Italian?

Do you like languages?



Tell me about your life

## **Exercises**



#### 1. Circle the correct verb.

a.	Ic	one sister. have / like
b.	We	English. work / speak
c.	Debby and Richard	this school. like / speak
d.	I don't	for this company. have / work
e.	Hellen and Martha	to the same school. eat / go
f.	Steve and John	home at 6:30 p.m. watch / leave
g.	We	early in the morning. sleep / get up
h.	I don't	TV in the afternoon. watch / eat
i.	My parents don't	meat every day. eat / leave

J. I don't \_\_\_\_\_ for this school. work / finish



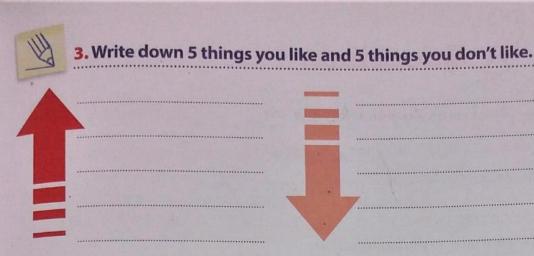
#### 2. Complete the conversations with the verbs below.

#### speak • have • like

A: Do you		a CD	player?
-----------	--	------	---------

- B: Yes, and I ...... many CDs.
- A: Do you ...... samba?
- B: No, I samba.
- A: Do you ......Portuguese?







Tell me about your life



## Conversation



#### John's Routine

BILL: What time do you get up every day, John?

JOHN: I usually get up early. I get up at 6 o'clock.

BILL: Do you get up at 6:00 every day?

JOHN: No. Sometimes I get up at 8 o'clock.

BILL: What do you do after you get up?

JOHN: After I get up, I take a shower and get dressed.

BILL: What do you do after you get dressed?

JOHN: After I get dressed, I always have breakfast.

BILL: And then what?

What do you do after you have breakfast?

JOHN: After breakfast, I go to work.

BILL: What time do you leave home for work?

JOHN: I usually leave home at about 8:45 a.m.

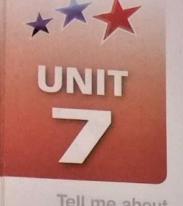
BILL: Do you drive to work?

JOHN: No, I never drive to work. I take the bus.

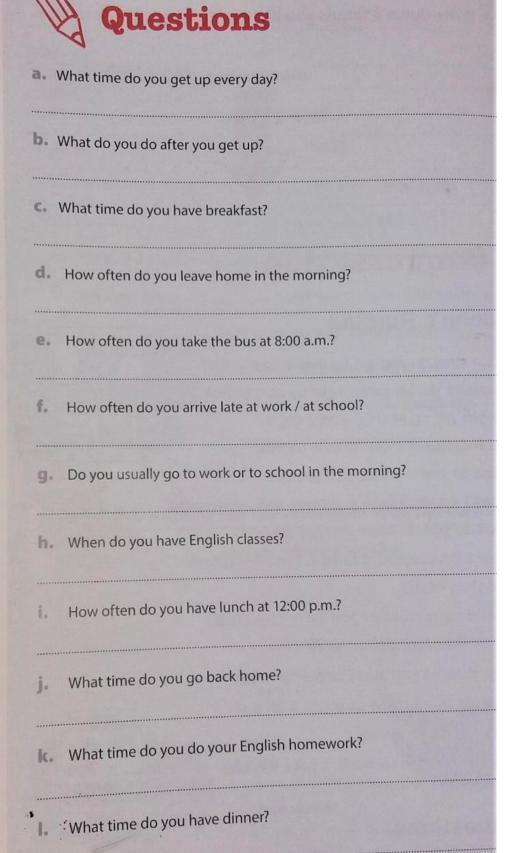


#### "WH" Questions

Who . Where . Why . When What . Which . Whose



Tell me about your life



m. How often do you watch TV?

# Important Point 2



#### Adverbs

I ALWAYS have breakfast. I have breakfast EVERY DAY. I USUALLY get up at 7 o'clock. I SOMETIMES get up at 8 o'clock. SOMETIMES I get up at 8 o'clock. I NEVER drive to work.





a week



a month



a year



a year



#### Exercises



#### 1. Listen and unscramble.

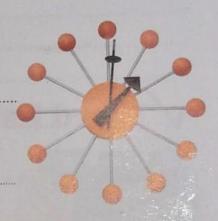
a. Up - sometimes - get - I - early.

b. Never - breakfast - we - have.

c. Work - usually - time - do - what - go - you - to?

d. Go - don't - school - I - every day - to.

e. 9 o'clock - at - always - bus - take - I - the.



Tell me about your life



Tell me about your life

1111	2. What are the questions?
a	
After I g	et dressed, I go to work.
b	
l get up	at 6 o'clock.
C	
No. I nev	ver take the bus to school. I drive.
1111	3. What's your daily routine? Write a little story.
***************************************	R
	tord list

Breakfast Early Late Light Morning Music Night Radio TV







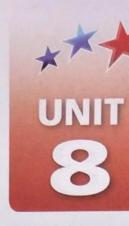


# Verb forms

To eat To finish To get dressed To wake up To get up To go To have

To leave To listen (t To watch To work

# Where does Helen work?



Where does Helen work?





Where does Helen work?

## Oral activity



- What time does your friend get up?
- How often does your friend have breakfast at 7:00 a.m.?
- What time does your friend go to school or go to work?
- How often does your friend arrive at school or at work at 8:00 a.m.?
- When does your friend have English classes?
- How often does your friend have lunch at 12:00 o'clock?
- What time does your friend go back home?
- What time does your friend do his / her homework?
- How often does your friend have dinner at 7:00 p.m.?
- How often does your friend watch TV?
- How often does your friend go to bed at 11:00 p.m.?
- When does your friend visit his / her relatives?



Using the information above, write a few lines about your friend.



My friend (he - she)

## Where does Helen work?

Helen is a secretary, she works in a big company. She speaks Chinese and Japanese, and she has English classes, too. She likes to dance.



Talk about your best friend. Take all the ideas given and write down a small composition about him or her.



## Conversation



### Harry is an excellent teacher

GEENA: Harry likes to work here.

NATALIE: Yes, and he works in another school too.

GEENA: He has many students because he is a good teacher.

He likes to play games and he loves to speak with

different people.

NATALIE: He really is a good person.



Where does Helen work?



Where does Helen work?



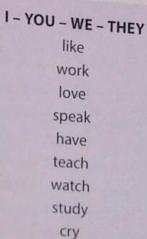
## > Important Point 1



3rd PERSON

He - She - It

Compare:



HE - SHE - IT
likes
works
loves
speaks
has
teaches
watches
studies
cries



## Exercises



1. Complete the blanks with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

a.	John	(like) Geography.
b.	1	(work) in the Zoo.
c.	Jenny	(speak) many languages.
d.	My friends and I	(have) dogs.
e.	1	(love) you.
f.	Bill	(use) the computer.
g.	The teacher	(teach) English.
h.	My friends	(study) in the morning.
	Junior	(have) a green bicycle.
	I	(have) two pets.
	The baby	(cry) in the morning.



## Reading Practice



### Herbert!

My name is Ernest. I have a brother. His name is Herbert. Herbert doesn't like to get up in the morning. My mother has to call him: "It's 7 o'clock, Herbert. Get up!"

Herbert answers: "Just a moment" and goes back to sleep.



I'm different from my brother. I don't like to get up early, but I have to go to school. I usually wake up before my mother calls me. I jump out of bed and go to the bathroom to take my shower. I get dressed, brush my teeth, comb my hair, and get ready to go downstairs for breakfast as soon as my mother calls. My brother Herbert doesn't have breakfast, doesn't comb his hair or take a shower in the morning. He does this at night.



### -> Complete the chart

### **AFFIRMATIVE** (he/she/it)

Herbert sleeps a lot.

Ernest has breakfast.

Ernest combs his hair.

#### **NEGATIVE**

Ernest doesn't sleep a lot.

Herbert .....

Herbert .....

#### INTERROGATIVE

Does he sleep a lot?

Does he have breakfast?

Does he comb his hair?

Where does Helen work?



Where does Helen work?

### 4

## Exercises



### 1. Circle the correct form.

a.	
	do / does your sister work?
b.	No, shedon't / doesn't work but she studies.
	don't / doesn't work but she studies.
۲.	do / does you like to dance?
d.	Yes, Ido / does.
	do / does.
6.	Francis has / have a nice car.
f.	She
	Shedon't / doesn't sleep a lot.
	Wheredo / does you live?
L	do / does you live?
11.	live / lives in Campinas.



## 2. Use the right verb to complete the sentences. Make changes when necessary.

a. I	
b. Kim	
c. We	breakfast at 8 o'clock. have / sleep
d. Paul	TV at night. watch / have
e. I usually	in the shower. listen / shave
f. Carol	to bed early. go / take
g. I	on my pajamas. put / forget
h. Jenny	until late in the morning. wake / sleep
i. Paul and Mary Helen	English classes in the evening. have / has



### 3. Interview a classmate. Ask him or her:

- → What time do you get up?
- → Do you work?
- → What do you do in your free time?

- What kind of music do you like?
- Where do you live?
- Where do you study?
- Do you have a boyfriend / girlfriend?



### 4. Now, write a little composition about your friend.

Where does Helen work?



## **Conversation**



### It's bedtime

MOTHER: Children! It's bedtime. Go upstairs and go to bed.

MARY: Oh, Mother! Do we have to sleep now? It's still early.

BEN: Yes, and it's Friday. We don't have to go to school tomorrow.

MOTHER: OK. Just 5 minutes.

BEN: Do I have to take a shower, Mom?

MOTHER: Of course! And don't forget to wash your ears.

MARY: Do I have to put on pajamas, Mom?

MOTHER: Yes. They're in your closet. And brush your teeth, Mary.

MARY: Ben has to brush his teeth too. He doesn't like to do it!

BEN: Good night, everybody. See you tomorrow.

MOTHER: Good night. Don't forget to close

he windows.

BEN: Tomorrow is Saturday. We can play

all day in the park.

MARY: Yeah! And on Sunday we can

wim in the lake!





Where does Helen work?

## > Important Point 2

Days of the week

Sunday • Monday • Tuesday • Wednesday • Thursday • Friday • Saturday

## Word list

Bathroom

Before

Breakfast

Closet Company

Ears

Free Hair

Lake

Lunch

Minute

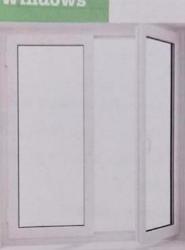
**Pajamas** 

Ready

Teeth Time

Tomorrow

**Upstairs** Windows





### **Verb** forms

To brush To call To close To comb To come

To dance

To forget To jump To like To love To shave

To sleep To speak To swim To take To use To wash

# Where do you live?





Where do you live?



Where do you live?

## Oral activity



What would your house look like?

- · Where would you like to live?
- · Describe the house of your dreams.
- · Describe your house.



Would you like to live in a castle?



Would you like to live in an apartment?



Do you know that some people live on boats?

What is the most interesting or impressive "habitation" you have ever seen?







**At** a certain point.



on
a surface / an area.



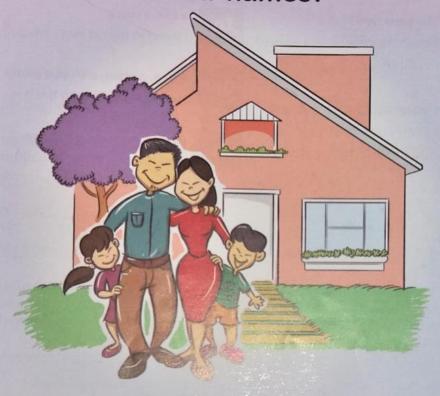
an area / volume.



## 52

## Where do you live?

Do you have brothers and sisters? What are their names?



REGGIE: Where do you live, Marthar

MARTHA: I live in Porto Alegre, on Washington Street. Do you know where it is?

REGGIE: Yes, I do. I live near there. What's your address?

MARTHA: I live at 1203 Washington Street. I'm Mr. Smith's next door neighbor.

REGGIE: Really? Do you live with your family?

MARTHA: Yes, I live with my mother, my brother and my sister. What about you?

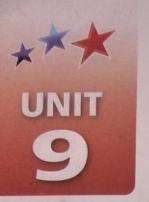
REGGIE: I live with both of my parents. I'm an only child. Do you have brothers and sisters?

MARTHA: Yes, I do. I have one sister and one brother. Come to my house and I will introduce you to my sister.

House • Apartment • Flat • Boat • Mansion



Where do you live?



Where do you live?

## -> Important Point 1



## Prepositions On - In - At

Where do you live?
I live in Porto Alegre.
I live on Washington Street.

What is your address?
It's 1203 Washington Street.
I live at 1203 Washington Street.

	a car, a truck
In	I travel in my car every week

	a bus, a train, a ship, a plane
On	I went downtown on the bus.

	places, address and time
At	I arrived downtown at 10:00 am

1111	
M	
- 4	

We use IN:
We use ON:
We use AT:
What is your address?

### **Examples:**

Heave home at 6:30 a.m.

He goes back home at 6:30 p.m.

I live at 535, Gonzaga Machado Street.

She lives on the 5th floor.

I was born in December. troth

I was born on December 10th, 1964.

We are at the bank

We are in the classroom.

I was born in October.

Twenty fourth

I was born on October 24th.



### **Exercises**



### 1. Use the right preposition.

#### on • at • in

a. Hive	Central	Avenue
---------	---------	--------

- b. Mr. Souza lives \_\_\_\_\_\_ 205 Roses Boulevard.
- C. My brother lives ....... Santa Catarina.
- e. Do you live \_\_\_\_\_\_9601 Miller lane?
- f. Do you live here \_\_\_\_\_ this city?
- g. My school is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_209 Lincoln Avenue.
- h. I take the bus \_\_\_\_\_ Lake Drive.
- There is a drugstore \_\_\_\_\_ the corner of Second Street.
- j. We live \_\_\_\_\_ a nice town.



### 2. Complete this conversation.

FRED: Where do you \_\_\_\_\_\_, Paul? \_\_\_\_\_ you live

near here?

PAUL: No, I don't. I live on the other side of the city.

FRED: Do you live ...... Mr. Sullivan?

PAUL: Yes, I do. I'm Mr. Sullivan's next door

FRED: What's your \_\_\_\_?

PAUL: 8666 University Drive.

FRED: \_\_\_\_\_ you always \_\_\_\_ him?

PAUL: No ...... is a mysterious man.

FRED: \_\_\_\_\_?

PAUL: Because ...... house is very ......



Where do you live?



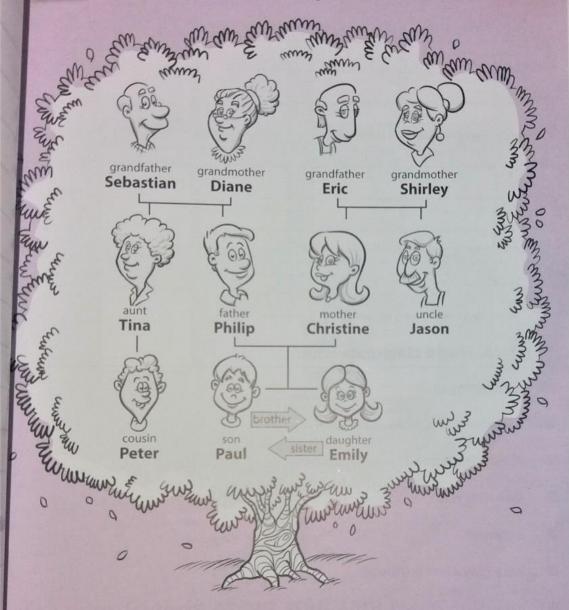
Where do you live?

3. Oral activity among classmates – Teacher ask students.
a What is your vacation?
b. When do you go to the beach?
C. When is Christmas?
d. When do you receive presents?
e. When do you meet your friends?
f. What time do you go to school?
g. What time do you go back home?
h. What time do you take a shower or a bath?
i. When do you go out with your friends?
j. What time do you watch TV?
k. What time do you go to bed?
I. When is your birthday?
m. When is the Independence Day? (in your country)
n. When is the USA Independence Day?
O. When do you go to the mall?
4. Now, close your books and practice the first dialogue with a partner. Take notes.  What's your classmate's address?
Does your classmate live with his / her parents?
Where does your teacher work? (Give the complete address).
Where does your teacher live?

### **Important Point 2**



This is Emily's family.



Paul is Emily's brother. Sebastian and Eric are Emily's grandfathers. Emily's mother is Christine. Philip is Emily's ..... Diane and Shirley are Emily's ..... Philip is Christine's Peter is Emily's \_\_\_\_\_ Tina is Emily's Jason is Emily's \_\_\_\_\_



Where do you live?



Where do you live?

### Exercises



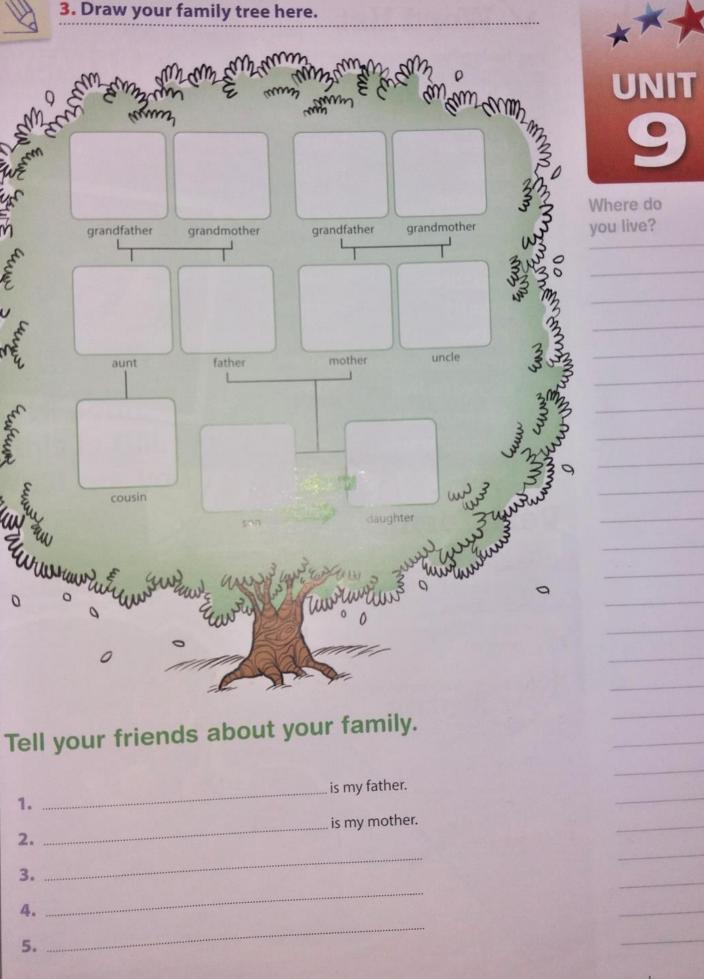
## 1. Unscramble the letters and find family members.

ons	
hetrmo	
restis	
nuta	
osiucn	7
Fiwe	
Rehgadut	
Nceul	
Rtrbeoh	



### 2. Find a classmate who:

- is an only child.
- has more than 3 brothers or sisters.
- doesn't live with his / her grandparents.
- lives near you.
- is married.
- has a girlfriend / boyfriend.
- has a child or children.
- has a niece.
- has a nephew.
- is not married.





Where do you live?

## Word list

Address Aunt

Avenue

Both

Brother

Child

Cousin

Daughter

Family

Father

Granddaughter

Grandfather

Grandmother

Grandparents

Grandson

Husband

Lane

Mother

Near

Neighbor

Nephew

Niece

Parents

Son

Uncle

Wife



### Verb forms

To know

To take a shower

To receive To watch



### Notes

			I
2226	12580		9
net	V-1v	MO:	1 4





93 ninety-three



## Oral activity



At present At this moment Now

lam



You are



He / She is

We are



They are



BILL: Hello! Can I speak with John, please?

JOHN: This is John speaking.

BILL: Hi John, this is Bill. What are you doing?

JOHN: I'm busy right now. I'm writing a letter.

BILL: Who are you writing to?

JOHN: I'm writing to a friend of mine in the

U.S.A. And you?

BILL: I'm not doing anything. But I would like to go to the movies later on.

JOHN: What film would you like to

see?

BILL: What about The Maze Runner?

JOHN: What time does the film

start?

BILL: At 8:15 p.m.

JOHN: OK. Let's invite Martha, she is playing tennis now but I'm sure she

wants to join us.

BILL: Right. See you then. Bye.





## > Important Point 1



### **Present Continuous**

1	am	reading
	'm	opening
You	are	working
	're	studying
He	is	jogging
It	's	running
We	're	using th
You	are	lying to
They	're	admitti

a good book. g my bag. g now. g at this moment. in the park. around the house. ne computer. me. ng.

What are you doing?



## General rule

Am / Are / Is + Verb + ing

lie – lying admit – admitting jog – jogging write – writing



## Exercises

a simplete the	se dialogues.	
IAN: What		
IAN: WhatANGELA: I	(watch) TV	And you?
IAN: I	(read) a magazine	about exotic places.
ANGELA:	you	(plan) to travely
IAN: Yes, I	<b>(go)</b> to India w	with my parents.
STEVE:	Brett	(study) now?
GAVIN: No. He	(play) the	guitar.
STEVE: And you, what	you .	(do)?
GAVIN: I	(negative-do) a	nything.
STEVE: Let's go fishing, t	hen.	
GATTIN Veabl Good idea.		



## 2. Complete these sentences with appropriate verbs.

## going • wearing • speaking • cleaning • working

	I'mblue jeans and a write 1 shirts
a.	Fatima is
b.	Fatima is
	Travor is
C.	Travor is
	to the glocery stars
d.	to the grocery store.  I'm
e.	We are



## 3. Orally, change the sentences on the end of page 96 into interrogative and negative forms.

1111
M

## 4. Look around you. Write sentences about your classroom or classmates.

Exa	ample: The teacher is writing on the board.	
a.		
b.		
c.		
d.		



What are you doing?

## >

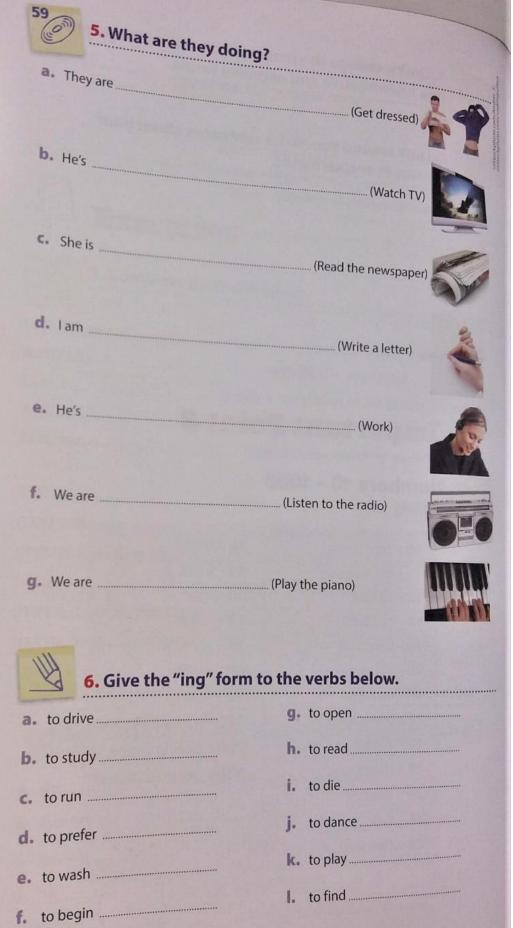
## **Important Point 2**



### Numbers 10 - 1000

10 - ten	: <b>30</b> – thirty
11 – eleven	<b>40</b> – forty
12 - twelve	<b>50</b> – fifty
13 - thirteen	<b>60</b> – sixty
14 – fourteen	70 – seventy
15 – fifteen	80 – eighty
16 – sixteen	90 – ninety
17 – seventeen	100 – a (one)hundred
18 – eighteen	200 – two-hundred
19 – nineteen	1000 – one thousand
20 – twenty	
21 – twenty-one	
22 – twenty-two	







### Exercises

1111	
1117	
MI	
10	

#### 1. What is the result?

a.	Ten + twelve:	
b.	One hundred – thirty-four:	

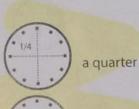
- c. Seventy-eight + twenty-six:
- d. One thousand three hundred:
- e. Two hundred ten:
- f. Thirty-five + thirty six:
- g. A thousand two hundred:
- h. One hundred forty one:
- i. Eighty + seventy:
- Twenty three fourteen:



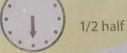
### 2. What time is it?

d. 11:30

- a. 8:15 It's eight fifteen
- b. 7:20
- c. 9:45
- e. 2:50
- f. 12:00
- g. 12:30 .....
- h. 1:45
- 2:40
- 3:55 .....



......





after

past





What are you doing?

to





### Observe:

12:00 = twelve o'clock / noon / midday

1:00 pm = one o'clock / one p.m.

2:15 pm = two fifteen / quarter after two

5:20 pm = five twenty / twenty after five 07:45 = seven forty-five / quarter to eight

09:50 = nine fifty / ten to ten

00:00 = midnight

a.m. • p.m. • o' clock



3. PAIR WORK: Draw some clock faces. Ask your partner to tell you the time.

### **Example:**

What time is it?

It's five after four.









### 4. Match the columns.

a. It's 6:30 a.m.

He's having a rest.

b. It's 9:30 a.m.

He's going back home.

c. It's 12:30 p.m.

They're having lunch.

d. it's 4:30 p.m.

We're having breakfast.

e. It's 6:30 p.m.

She's studying.



## Exercises

11.	
1111	
7	

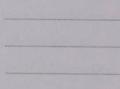
## 1. Answer the questions below using the suggested adverbs of frequency.

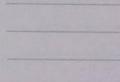
a.	What time do you always get up every day? (always)

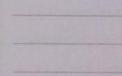
- What do you frequently do after you get up? (frequently)
- c. What time do you usually have breakfast? (usually)
- **d.** What time do you generally leave your house? (generally)
- e. What time do you usually arrive at work? (usually)
- f. What time do you always take the bus? (always)
- g. What time do you usually arrive at school? (usually)
- h. What time do you generally have English classes? (generally)
- What time do you usually have lunch? (usually)
  - What time do you generally go back home? (generally)
- What time do you frequently do your homework? (frequently))

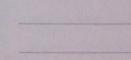


What are you doing?













To die To drive

To lie To look To open

To wear To write



### Notes

# Where were you yesterday?

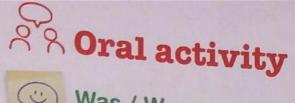


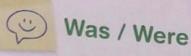


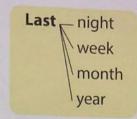
Where were you yesterday?



Where were you yesterday?







I was We were

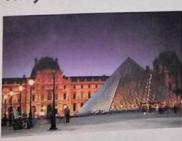






How about your friend? How about your classmates?

He - She was They were







## Vhere were you yesterday?



RITA: Where were you last night?

SELMA: I was in my mother's house. It was her birthday party.

RITA: When was she born?

SELMA: She was born on August 1st.

RITA: Was she born in Rio Grande do Sul?

SELMA: No, she wasn't. She was born in Italy.

RITA: And how was the party?

SELMA: It was excellent.
The music was good,
everybody was happy
and the food was great.
And where were you
yesterday?

and Robert was there
with me. It was very cold
and we were by the fireplace.



Where were you yesterday?

### Vhere were you last night?



I was ...

at school.

at the club.

at the movie theater.

at home.

in my bedroom.
in my office.
at a party.



Where were you yesterday?

## > Important Point 1



### Verb To Be - Past tense

### **AFFIRMATIVE**

was

You were

He - she - it was

We were

They were

#### **NEGATIVE**

l wasn't

you weren't

he - she - it wasn't

we weren't

they weren't

### **INTERROGATIVE**

Was 1 ...?

Were you...?

Was he - she - it ...?

Were we...?

Were they?

Underline all examples of VERB TO BE in the text.



### **E**xercises



### 1. Circle the correct verb.

a.	Helen (was / were) born in September.							
b.	(was / were) you at the office yesterday?							
c.	No, Debby and I	(wasn't / weren't) at home last night.						
d.	My friends	(was / were) at the beach last weekend.						
e.	were) with Diana.	(wasn't / were) with Keith. I (was /						
f.	Where	(was / were) the children yesterday?						
		(were / was) at home. I was studying.						
h.	My parents and I	(were / was) in the kitchen, preparing dinner.						
i.		(was / were) taken to a Vet last Saturday.						
j.	1	(weren't / wasn't) home Saturday night.						
	My family	(were / was) with me.						
1.		(wasn't / weren't) at the party.						

111	2. Complete these dialogues with the past of the verb to be.	***
IOHN:	you in New York in December?	- INST
JOHN	I in Washington.	UNII
		111
JOHN:	you there for several days?	
	I there on vacation.	
JOHN:	your girlfriend with you?	Where were you yesterday?
BILL: Yes,	she	you yester a
SAM: Wh	at day yesterday?	
MIKE: It	Monday.	
SAM:	it the 3 <sup>rd</sup> of May?	
MIKE. NO	it the 2 <sup>nd</sup> . Today is the 3 <sup>rd</sup> .	
VIIIL. NO		
Ш	3. Give real answers.	
-		
a. Wer	e you at school yesterday?	
b. Was	it raining?	
c. Wer	e you at school last night?	
d. Wer	e you on vacation last month?	
e. Was	your best friend with you yesterday?	
	e you born in April?	
<b>a.</b> Wer	you at home Saturday night?	
	you and your parents watching TV?	
		*
	your cousin in your house last weekend?	
	you at your grandparents' last Sunday?	
k. Was	your mother's birthday last week?	
l. Were	you at work yesterday?	
m. Was	your teacher at the club last weekend?	



Where were you yesterday?



## 4. Interview your classmates and find someone who:

- → was born in the same month as you.
- was born in the same day as you.
- → was born in the same place as you.
- → was born in the same year as you.



## > Important Point 2

## Months of the year



January • February • March • April • May • June • July • August • September • October • November • December

### Pay attention

	Seasons			
	Summer	Autumn / Fall	Winter	Spring
Southern Hemisphere Brazil	December January February	March April May	June July August	September October November
Northern Hemisphere The United States England	June July August	September October November	December January February	March April May





## 1. What months have 28 days?

2. What months have 30 days?

3. What months have 31 days?



Where were you yesterday?



## Exercises



1. Write important dates or celebrations for the months below.



a. February



b. April



C. May



d. July



e. August



f. September



9. October



h. November



i. December



Where were you yesterday?

# Some celebrations happen differently in countries



#### Observe:

I was born IN October/I was born ON October 24.

The seasons on the North Hemisphere run opposite the seasons on the South Hemisphere.

December, January and February are the cold winter months. Then we have the spring in March, April and May. June, July and August are the hot summer months and September,

#### The seasons in Brazil

The variation in the Brazilian climate is related to the size and physical structure of its territory. Brazil covers half of South America. In June you can find snow in southern Brazil and still sweat in the Amazon rainforest. In January, every place can be hot and humid, in short: the essence of tropical.

The Brazilian climate changes from arid scrubland in the interior to the impassable tropical rainforests of the northerly Amazon jungle and the tropical eastern coastal beaches. The south of Brazil is more temperate. Rainy seasons occur from January to April in the north, April to July in the northeast and November to March in the Rio/São Paulo area.

Required clothing: Lightweight water proof cottons and linens for the rainy season (November-March). Warm clothing is needed in the south during winter (June-July). Special clothing is needed for the Amazon region. Warm clothing is advised if visiting the southern regions during winter time. The sunlight is extremely bright and sunglasses are recommended.



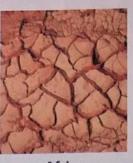
<b>III</b>
79

## 3. What do you know about the seasons around the world? Look at the picture below and describe them.









Alaska

Brazil

Europe

Africa

# UNIT 11

Where were you yesterday?

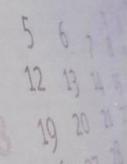


#### 4. Write the dates.

Example: 9/7 = September, seven

**d.** 10/31 = .....

- a. 12/25 = .....
- **b.** 4/16 =
- c. 11/4 = \_\_\_\_
- 1138
- e. 05/02 =
- f. 12/03 =





5. Pair work: Now, write 4 dates which are important for you and ask your partner to tell you the dates.

Example: 10/24 – October 24: It is important because it is my birthday.



Where were you yesterday?

## ✓ Word list

Carnival Christmas

Cold

Easter

Fall

Fire

Hot

Humid

Independence

Last



Party

Seasons

Spring

Summer

Temperate

Vacation

Valentine's day

Winter



Verb forms

To be born To take To cover To vary To occur To was To run To were



Notes

# What did you do last summer?

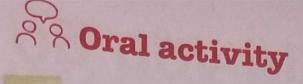


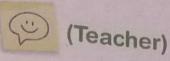


What did you do last summer?



What did you do last summer?





What did you do

- last night?
- last weekend?
- last vacation?

(Student)

What did your friend do

- last night?
- last weekend?
- last vacation?

He / She

## What did you do last summer?



TONY: When was your last vacation?

SANDY: I had vacation last summer, in July.

TONY: Where did you go?

SANDY: I went to Greece. It was great. I visited Athens and Crete.

TONY: Did you see the Acropolis?

SANDY: Yes, I did. The weather was excellent too. Every day was hot and sunny.

TONY: Did you swim on the beach?

SANDY: Sure. I swam, I sunbathed, I ate typical food, I danced, I met lots of nice people but I didn't go to many museums. What about you? What did you do last summer?

TONY: Well, I didn't travel. I stayed home, watched TV and played basketball.

SANDY: Did you enjoy your vacation?

TONY: Yes, I did. I relaxed a lot!

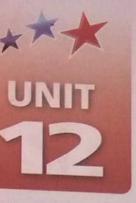




And you? Where did you go last summer?

What did you do

last summer?



What did you do last summer?

## > Important Point 1



#### Regular and Irregular Verbs - Past Tense

Regular	Present	Past	Present	Past
	dance	danced	enjoy	enjoyed
	play	played	relax	relaxed
	stay	stayed	sunbath	sunbathed
	travel	traveled	visit	visited
	watch	watched	like	liked

**Examples:** 

Did you enjoy your vacation? I stayed home, watched TV and played basketball. I didn't travel.

Irregular	Present	Past	Present	Past
	do	did	eat	ate
	go	went	have	had
	meet	met	see	saw
	swim	swam	get	got

Examples:

Where did you go? I went to Greece. I didn't go to many museums.



#### Exercises



#### 1. Listen and unscramble.

a. Go - summer - did - last - you - where?

b. Went - mountains - to - I - the.

c.	Films - I - many - watched.	***
d.	To - had - study - I.	UNIT
e.	- school - in - left - the - afternoon.	What did you d
f.	My - went - to - cousins - the - last - Saturday - movies.	last summer?
g.	Watched - until - night - we - television - late - last.	
h.	They - three - ago - USA - in - the - were - years.	•
i.	Mary - met - at - school - morning - Jane - Paul - yesterday - and.	
j.	Studied - she - English - last - morning.	
k. 1	Doctor - to - in - the - Philip - talked - February.	
l. 1	The - and - students - teacher - museum - visited - the - a.	
M	2. Complete these dialogues and role play them	
hirle	ey: you the film?	(like)
	mas: No, itnot my kind of story. (be)	
	v: Where last nigh	t? (ao)
	idst nign	(gu)



What did you do last summer?

Fred: Ito the circus. (go)
Jerry: Howit? (be)
Fred: Iit a lot. (like)
Richard: What film
Richard: What filmyou? (see)
Caroline: I
3. What are the questions?
0
?
A: I went to a disco.
Q:?
A: I met my friends.
Q:?
A: I returned home at 2 o'clock.
Tretarred nome at 2 o clock.
4. Answer these questions about yourself.
4 Allswer these questions about yourself
a. What did you do last weekend?
a. What did you do last weekend?
a. What did you do last weekend?
a. What did you do last weekend?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?  c. What time did you get up this morning?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?  c. What time did you get up this morning?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?  c. What time did you get up this morning?  d. What time did you have breakfast?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?  c. What time did you get up this morning?
a. What did you do last weekend?  b. Where did you go last night?  c. What time did you get up this morning?  d. What time did you have breakfast?



#### **Reading Practice**



A Letter From Sandy Athens, July 12<sup>th</sup>

Dear Mom and Dad.

So, I'm in Greece, finally. I arrived here three days ago and I couldn't write before. My days were very busy. First, I went to the hotel. It's not a luxurious one, but it

is fine. Then, I rested for a while, I put my clothes in the closet and rushed out for a tour and some sightseeing. On the second day, I visited many places including the Acropolis and a wonderful beach. I swam a lot, sunbathed and had fun. In the evening, I went to a Greek restaurant and ate typical food:



"Saganaki" - shrimp in white wine and "Svinghi" - Greek doughnuts. I'm learning about Greek mythology, art, culture, architecture and much more.

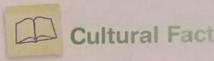
> Take care, Love,

> > Sandy





What did you do last summer?



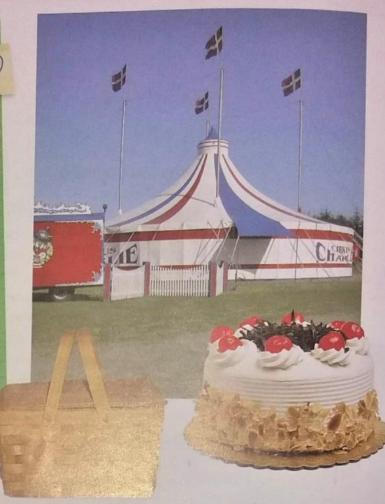
Greece achieved its independence from the Ottoman Empire in 1829. During the second half of the 19<sup>th</sup> century and the first half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, it gradually added neighboring islands and territories, most with Greek-speaking populations. In World War II, Greece was first invaded by Italy (1940) and subsequently occupied by Germany (1941-44); fighting endured in a protracted civil war between royalist supporters of the king and communist rebels. Following the latter's defeat in 1949, Greece was able to join NATO in 1952. A military dictatorship, which in 1967 suspended many political liberties and forced the king to flee the country, lasted seven years. The 1974 democratic elections and a referendum created a parliamentary republic and abolished the monarchy. Greece joined the European Community or EC in 1981 (which became the EU in 1992); it became the 12<sup>th</sup> member of the Euro zone in 2001.



What did you do last summer?

## √ Word list

Beach
Cake
Circus
Film
Interesting
Kind
Mountains
Museum
Nice
Picnic
Story
Sunny
Sure
Typical
Weather



#### Verb forms

To buy
To enjoy
To have fun
To meet

To return
To relax
To stay
To sunbathe



#### Notes





Where is the bank?

# \*\*\* UNIT 12

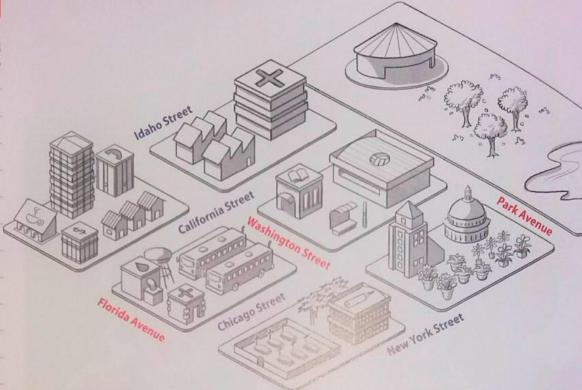
Where is the bank?

## Oral activity



(Teacher) What is there on.....

(Student) There is (a/an)





## Where is the bank?



TOURIST: Excuse me, is there a bank around here?

POLICE OFFICER: Yes, there is a city bank on the corner of Central

and Maple Avenue. Do you know how to get there?

TOURIST: Yes, I do, thanks. And are there hotels in this

area?

POLICE OFFICER: Well, there isn't any hotel around here but there are two hotels next to Saint Peter's theater, there is one across from the park and there is a Youth Hostel near the museum. You have to take number 7 bus to get there. The bus stop is in front of the Youth Hostel.

TOURIST: Just one more question.

Is there a good Brazilian restaurant near the hotels?

POLICE OFFICER: No, there aren't Brazilian restaurants in town.

There is a delicious Italian restaurant behind the Youth Hostel and a Mexican restaurant across from Saint Peter's theater.

TOURIST: Ok. Thanks

anyway. Bye.







There + To Be

**AFFIRMATIVE** 

There is a city bank on the corner of Central and Maple Avenue. There are two hotels next to Saint Peter's theater.

INTERROGATIVE

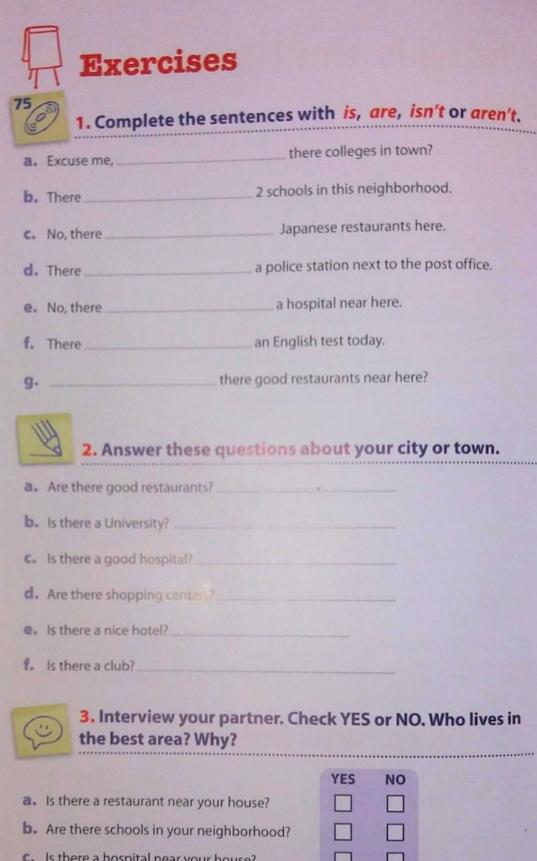
Is there a bank around here? Are there hotels in this area?

NEGATIVE

There isn't (is not) any hotel around here.
There aren't (are not) any Brazilian restaurants in town.



Where is the bank?



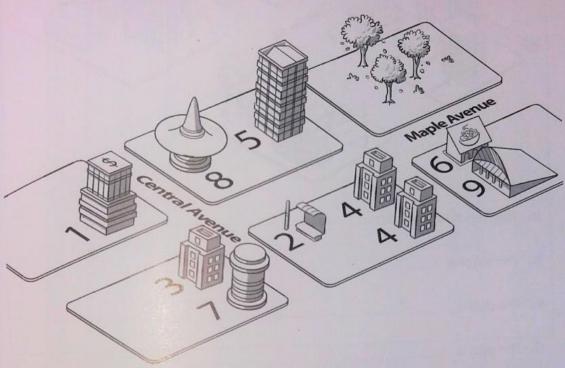
	IES	NO
a. Is there a restaurant near your house?		
<b>b.</b> Are there schools in your neighborhood?		
c. Is there a hospital near your house?		
d. Is there a supermarket near your house?		
e. Is there a good public transportation system?		
f. Is there a park?		

## Important Point 2



### **Locations - Prepositions**

on the corner of • in front of • opposite • down • right • near • next to • beside • far • across from • behind • up • left • between



- The City Bank is on the corner of Central and Maple Avenue; 1. The bus stop is in front of the Youth Hostel;
- The Youth Hostel is near the museum; 3.
- There are 2 hotels next to Saint Peter Theater;
- There is a hotel across from the park; 5.
- There is an Italian restaurant behind the Youth Hostel; 6.
- 7. Museum;

2.

- Mexican Restaurant; 8.
- Saint Peter Theater;
- 10. Park.



Where is the bank?



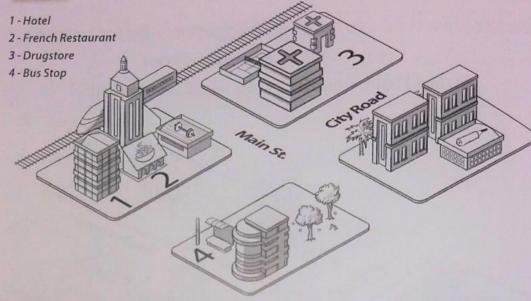
Where is the bank?



#### Exercises



### 1. Look at this map and complete the information.



a.	The French restaurant is
b.	The hospital is
c.	The club is
d.	The gym is
e.	The school is
f.	The bus stop is
g.	The park is
h.	The hotel is
i.	The University is



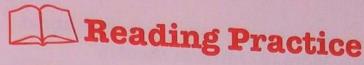
# 2. Draw a map or stick pictures with information about your city or town. Write 10 sentences about it.

*	×	×
U	N	IT
1		3
VIET T		AL VI

Where is the bank?



Where is the bank?





## Read this information about some places

Pleasantville: It's a small mountain village. There aren't shopping centers, big restaurants or big hotels. The small "cafés" are really attractive and the food is delicious. There is a beautiful mountain where people go skiing and a river where people swim in the summer. The average temperature is 15 degrees Celsius most of the year.

Richville: If you like shopping and nightlife, this is the perfect destination for you. There are plenty of shops, museums, discos and international restaurants. There is a good transportation system, so you don't have to worry about going out at night. There are also outdoor performances in the park. The weather is almost always sunny and the average temperature is 22 degrees Celsius.



**Riverside Resort:** This is the perfect destination for all those who like to feel the breeze while relaxing at the river bank. Our entertainers will look after your kids and give them an excellent time. Nightlife can be exciting too. There are many bars and discos just thirty minutes away from our hotel. Please, remember to bring an umbrella.

Radical Village: Do you like excitement? Bungee jumping, sky-diving, rappel and rafting - all in the same place. Our hotels are simple but the accommodation is comfortable. There is also camping if you prefer the outdoors. We have a friendly team of highly trained professionals who can guide you through your adventure times.



Daisy Springs: Are you feeling tired? Need to relax? So, don't delay, come and stay with us. Don't worry about cooking or trying to find a restaurant, our hotel provides you all meals. All rooms have a private sauna. There are 4 swimming pools with naturally heated water and our staff of doctors, nutritionists and nurses can give you the information you need to have a healthy life.



#### Answer the questions below.

1. Where would you like to go d	uring your vacation: why.
	***************************************
	***************************************

Where would you like to live? Why?	***
	UNIT 13
3. Is there a place in Brazil where you would like to live? Where? Why?	Where is the bank?
4. Is there a place from the text that you wouldn't like to visit? Why?	
5. Do you know any places which are similar to the ones in the text?	



Where is the bank?

#### Word list

Across

Bank

Rafting

Behind

Rappel

Bungee jumping Resort

College

Restaurant

Corner Destination Sky-diving

Hospital

Springs

Hostel

Theater

Tired

Hotel

Town

Transportation

Near

Next

Park

#### **Verb forms**

To bring

To relax

To delay

To remember

To feel

To shop

To find

To ski

To guide

To try

To prefer

To worry

To provide





Can you...?



Can you ...?

## Oral activity



Cats can climb trees.



A racing car can move fast.



can dig holes.

Can move fast.

Asproy

PRINCER

PRINCE

PRIN



A secretary can type.



Whales can swim far away.

What can you do?

l can \_\_\_\_

What can your friend do?

He/She can .....

#### Can you...



JASON: Hi Tania. Are you coming to my party tonight?

TANIA: Yes, but I can't cook very well. I don't know

what to take.

JASON: Can you make hot dogs?

TANIA: Yes, I can. Good idea. And I can make

a delicious apple pie.

JASON: Can your sister sing?

TANIA: No, she can't, but she can play the

guitar.

JASON: OK. So, we already have music and hot dogs ...

TANIA: ...and you can prepare the drinks. Can you make milkshake?

JASON: Yes, I can. Sounds like a lot

of fun! See you then.

TANIA: See you.





Can you...?

> Important Point 1



Can / To be able / Can't

I can make a delicious apple pie.

My sister can play the guitar.

My sister can't sing.

I can't cook very well.

Can you make milkshake?

Can you make hot dogs?





Can you...?

## R Oral Activity

#### Can you...

- Ride a bicycle?
- Ride a horse?
- Play a musical instrument?
- Roller Skate?
- Surf?

- Use a computer?
- Play volleyball?
- Speak a foreign language?
- Run fast?
- · Cook?



#### **E**xercises



1. Can you do these things? Check YES or NO.

Can You	YES, I CAN	NO, I CAN'T
cook?		
prepare a milk shake?		
sing?		
play an instrument?		
write a poem?		
speak a different language?		
draw?		
swim?		
help the children?		
use a computer?		
play tennis?		
do your exercises?		
smoke in class?		
write on the desks?		П
park in front of a hospital?		
play soccer?		
play football?		

.1	1	
1	K	
_	70	
-		

#### 2. Now, ask your partner and check his/her answers here. Compare your answers and find people with common abilities.

Common da	YES	NO	UN
n your partner			
ok?			
epare a milk shake?			
ng?			Can you
ay an instrument?			
rite a poem?			
peak a different language?			
wim?			
Iraw?			
	de and l	things you can't do.	
. Write here 5 things yo	u can do and .	, tilligs you a	
/			
	-		
\ /			
X			
			Charles of the later of the lat

one hun



Can you...?



#### Exercises



1. What is ...?

- a. your favorite drink?
- b. your favorite fruit?
- c. your favorite vegetable?
- d. your favorite meat?
- e. your favorite food?



2. What ingredients do you need to make a delicious sandwich?



3. What ingredients do you need to make your favorite dish?



4. Interview your classmates. Find a person who:

- likes the same fruit as you.
- doesn't like juice.
- is a vegetarian.
- can make a delicious sandwich.
- can cook very well.

#### Suggestion.



#### Ask:

- · Do you...?
- What is your favorite...?
- · Can you...?

## Foods and drinks.

5. Put the foods be	low in their resp	pective groups.		***
M Meat V Vegetable F Fruits ML Milk G Grain S Sweet				UNIT 14 Can you?
apple	banana	orange	□ pineapple □ bread	
candy	potato	tomato	grapes	
☐ milk ☐ fish	beans	chicken	cheese	
6. Write down oth for new words.	ner names you	are able to rem	ember or look	
M Meat:				
V Vegetable:				
F Fruits:				
ML Milk:				
S Sweet:				ı one hur



Can you...?



#### Listen and Practice



My name is Dr. Rice and I am a nutritionist. I prepare diets for people who want to lose or gain weight or simply want to have a

healthy life.

I always tell people that a good diet includes food from different groups. For example, you have to eat little sugar, meat, oil and dairy products (which are not very good for you), and eat more fruits, vegetables and starches. If you want to live more and with more quality, follow my instructions and practice exercises!



#### Exercises



#### According to the text, are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

Idise (F):	
a. A lot of cheese is good for you.	
<b>b.</b> You can never eat chocolates.	
C. Oranges are good for your health.	
d. Exercises can help you to have a good life.	
e. Smoking is a good habit.	
f. Too much fat is not good.	
g. Walking is a bad activity.	
<b>h.</b> Drinking is not a healthy suggestion.	
i. It is good when you eat junk food.	П

#### /Word list

Already Apple Beans Beef Bread Cheese

Chicken Delicious Diet

Dish Draw

Drinks Fish

Food Fun

Healthy

Hot dogs

Include

Juice

Lettuce

Meat

Milkshake

Nutritionist

Oil

Onion

Poem

Potato

Prepare

Rice

Sandwich

Soda

Starches

Sugar

Tomato

Vegetarian

Weight

Wine







Can you...?

#### Verb fo

To drink To follow To gain To include To live To lose To make To need To practice

To prepare To swim To tell

To walk

# am going to travel on business





I am going to travel on business



I am going to travel on business

# Oral and written activities



Take a sheet of paper or it may be done on the board, too.
Write the beginning of a sentece and suggest the students to continue.

	Next vacation
	· ·
	•
	The office
	The best moment during my English classes
	·
133	
-	
*	

# am going to travel



MRS. PARK: What are you doing, honey?

OINA: I'm packing my suitcase. I am going to travel.

MRS. PARK: Where are you going?

OINA: I'm going to travel on business, mom. I'm going to São Paulo. All nanagers and directors of my company are going to have a training course.

MRS. PARK: Are you going to travel alone?

DINA: No, I'm not. I'm going to travel with some colleagues from our office

n Rio.

MRS. PARK: How long are you going to stay away?

OINA: Just two days.

MRS. PARK: Then, why are you carrying four suitcases of clothes?





l am going to travel on business

143 one hundred and forty-three



I am going to travel on business

## Oral Activity



#### Teacher - students

- Where are you going after class?
- Where are you going to spend your vacation/holiday?
- Where are you going to travel next holiday?
- Who are you going to take with you?
- What are you going to do there?
- What things are you taking with you?
- When are you coming back?

### **Important Point 1**

am

going to



You	are
He	is
She	is
Ît	is
We	are
You	are

They are

drink some coke. travel. study lesson 15.

#### **FUTURE WITH "GOING TO"**

I am going to travel on business. We are going to have a training course. Are you going to travel alone? I'm not going to travel alone.

General rule - To form the Immediate Future it is necessary to use:

Am / Are / Is + Going To

To form the immediate future it is necessary to use .....



## Exercises



## 1. Complete the exercise using the IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

a.	What	you	(do) tomorrow?
ь.		you	(work) till late?
c.	Bill	(be) with you?	
d.	,	. you	(go) by plane?
e.	Where	you	(go)?
f.	How long	you and Bill	(stay)?
g.	When	you	(come) back?
h.	What	you and Bill	(do) there?
		you	(take) with you?
a.	No, I	(have) (work) over	a day off.
		(stay	
d.	Yes, I	(travel	) by plane.
e.	1	( <b>go</b> ) to Rio	de Janeiro.
	We		ere for two weeks.
		(come)	
h.		(presen	
i		(take) only	Bill with me.



I am going to travel on business



I am going to travel on business

## (3)

## 3. Interview your classmates. Find a person who:

- is going to work after class.
- is going to a party tonight.
- is going to visit a friend tonight.
- is going to study next weekend.
- is going to have dinner at home.
- is going to have a job interview this week.
- is going to the dentist tomorrow.

## >

## **Important Point 2**



#### **Business Vocabulary**

All these words are important when you work in an office.

director • training • company
course • pay and benefits • headquarter • branch
wage • salary • employer • employee
manager • CEO • partnership • amount • value
trainee • trade • deal • profit

BRAINSTORMING: With a partner, make a list of words that come to your mind when you hear the word "BUSINESS". When you finish, share your ideas with the rest of the group.

TI	1. You are a secretary at a multinational company.  Decide which sentences are formal and can be used with your director.	*** UNIT
a. 🗆	What do you want?	15
	What can I do for you?	
b. 🗆	Wait a minute.	I am going to travel on
	Excuse me for a second.	business
c. 🗆	Pleased to meet you.	
	What's up?	
d. 🗌	How was your trip?	
	Did you have a good flight?	
1	Reading Practice	
You information	are going to travel to business to one of these places. Read some important on about them.	
an airport	vice is rarely included in restaurants, so leave tips of about 15 %. At a hotel and you tip around 1 dollar per bag the porters carry for you. You also tip a taxion of the fare.	
87	New York - Attraction	

Liberty Island is located on 12 acres of land in New York Harbor. The Statue of Liberty was a gift of international friendship from the people of France to the people of the United States and is one of the most universal symbols of political freedom and democracy. The Statue of Liberty was dedicated on October 28<sup>th</sup>, 1886 and was designated a National Monument on October 15<sup>th</sup>, 1924. The Statue was extensively restored in time for her spectacular centennial on July 4<sup>th</sup>, 1986.

Exercises



I am going to travel on business

To better understand this monumental work of art, visitors will be able to view inside the Statue through a glass ceiling, guided by a park ranger and an enhanced lighting and new video system. In addition, visitors can walk out on the Statue's observation deck to see the panoramic view of New York City's Harbor to witness the Statue up close from her promenade. The Statue's crown is not accessible and the torch has been officially closed since July 1916.

A service charge is often included in the restaurant bill but you only leave a tip if you think the service was good. You also tip taxi drivers 10% of the fare. You never tip in a pub.

London

London has the greatest concentration of major attractions in Britain and boasts four World Heritage Sites. Over two hundred attractions are free to enter, so there's nowhere else in the world where you can see so much for so little! Choose from top attractions like the British Airways London Eye or the Tower of London, join a tour or perhaps relax in one of the capital's beautiful parks and gardens.

**Attraction - Buckingham Palace** 

The London home of Her Majesty the Queen, Buckingham Palace opens its doors in August and September every year. Visitors may tour the State Rooms, including the Throne Room, Picture Gallery and State Dining Room which form the backdrop of the pageantry of court ceremonials and official entertaining. They are all opulently decorated with some of the finest pictures, tapestries and works of art from the Royal Collection. Parts



of the gardens have also been opened as part of the tour.



#### Imagine the following situations:

- a. Your taxi ride in New York was 8 dollars. How much do you tip?
- b. Your bill came to \$25 in a London restaurant. You didn't like the service very much. How much do you tip?
- c. A porter at your hotel in New York helped you with a very heavy suitcase. How much do you tip?
- **d.** Your bill in a London Pub was \$12. You liked the service very much. How much do

#### Writing:

How is tipping in your country? Include information about tipping in different places. Write and illustrate about a tourist attraction in your country. Tell your dassmates what you enjoyed the most.

# UNIT 15

I am going to travel on business

## √ Word list

Alone Manager

Alone Bill

Office

Business

Overtime

Charge

ack

Colleagu

Course Director vice

uitcase

Fare

Tip

Honey

Training



## Verb forms

To boast
To carry
To dedicate
To designate
To form

To illustrate To include

To join

To match

To pack

To restore

To ride

To share

To spend

To take

To travel
To witness

# BDE Electronics can I help you?



BDE Electronics can I help you?



151 one hundred and fifty-one

**BDE** lectronics can I help you?

## Q Oral and written activities

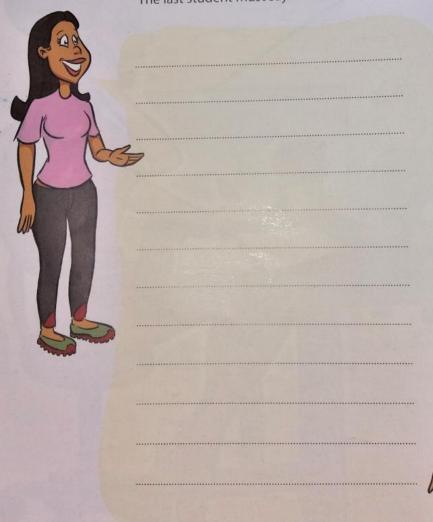


Vocabulary

The teacher is going to say the first word and ask the students to whisper to his/her partner.



The last student must say the word correctly.





## BDE Electronics, can I help you?



SECRETARY: BDE Electronics, good morning. Can I help you?

CLIENT: Good morning. May I speak to Jessica Smith, please?

SECRETARY: Just a moment. I'll check if she is here. I'm sorry. Ms. Smith is in a meeting now. Would you like to leave a message?

CLIENT: Yes, please. Can you ask her to call me as soon as possible? If it is not possible, ask her to send me a fax of her birth certificate. My name is Tyrone Falls.

SECRETARY: Does she have your number, Mr. Falls?

CLIENT: No, she doesn't. My number is 3210-4657 and my cellular phone number is 9899-5908.

SECRETARY: 3210-4657... Ok. I'll give her your message.

CLIENT: Thank you very much. Bye.

SECRETARY: Bye.





BDE Electronics can I help you?



BDE lectronics can I help you?

## -> Important Point 1



## Answering the phone politely

These expressions are useful when answering the phone.

Can/May I help you?

Just a moment, please. I'll check it for you.
I'm sorry.

Would you like to leave a message?
I'll give her/him your message.

Thank you.



Can - capacity (formal) / Can - permission (informal). May - possibility - permission (formal).



## Exercises



1. Put these sentences in order to make a complete dialogue.

- K	dialogue.
	Bye.
	No, it has to be Geoffrey, I'm afraid.
	This afternoon 4:30. OK . I'll give him your message.
	Would you like to leave a message?
	Hello. Upgrade Computers. May I help you?
	This is René speaking. Please, ask him to call me this afternoon at 4:30.
	Is Geoffrey there, please?
	I'm sorry. He is not here yet. Would you like to talk to someone else?
	Thank you. Bye.

2. Wha	nt are the missing wo	ords?		**
<b>a.</b> Can I				* /
b. I would	to speak to H	ector.		UNIT
c. Please,	her to call me	tonight.		16
d. I'll give her yo	ur			
e. Would you like	e to leave a			BDE Electronics
f. May I	to the manage	er?		can I help you?
g. Ask him to	me back	by the end of the afternoon.		
<b>h.</b> My	number is			
B. PAIR WORK	One student is the	secretary and the of	ther is the	
client. Create	a phone dialogue a	nd practice it.		
Total	portant P	oint 2		
	portant P	OTILO SO		
U Ob	jects you find	in an office		
Match the colum	ns.			
1. telephone		2	2. calculator	
3. computer			4. printer	
3. Computer				
		0/1	e cl	
5. fax machine			6. files	
	1			
			8. stapler	
<b>7.</b> pen				
		AND THE REAL PROPERTY.		



BDE lectronics can I help you?

What are the mentioned objects you use?



## Reading Practice



#### How to answer the phone

Here are some examples on how to answer the phone whether you are a phone operator, a secretary, a manager or a director:

- a. Don't let the phone ring many times.
  - b. Have a confident and pleasant voice.
    - C. Say the name of the company or its telephone number. You can also say your name. If you are on an extension, say where you are. For example: "Sales Department, Anna Trevor". Never say just "Hello".
      - d. Be polite. Don't keep the caller waiting. Use "please" and "thank you".
- e. Write down all messages. Include any important information such as name of the caller and his/her telephone number, time and date of the call and the message itself.
  - f. Remember to put your name on the message.





Deposit

Balance

#### 1. According to the text and the known vocabulary, what are the polite sentences for the following dialogue?

a.	Secretary  Hello, Can I help you?							Clie	nt					
	Viena Editor, May I help you?					– I'd like to talk to Mr. Elton.								
b.	Just a moment, please. What do you want with him?						– Ok, I wait.							
c.	He is not here at the moment. I don't know where he is.						- Ma	ay I lea	ave a r	nessa	ge?			
d.	Of W	Cours hy dor	e. I w	ill take ı call tl	note he off	of it. ice late	er?			to cal				
e.	_			ay out. give hi		messa	ge.		ank yo	ou very	/ much	n for yo	our	
	Please, don't bother me anymore.  You are welcome.													
f.								Tha	nks.					
f.	☐ Yo	u are	welco					Tha	inks.					******
r.	☐ Yo	u are	welco	me.			0	Tha	nks.	В	G	M	J	В
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	☐ Yo	u are	welco	ne.	ords.					B R	0	M	0	A
C	☐ Yo	2. Fir	welco	e wo	ords.	С	0	В	Т	R A	O Z	Y B	O R	A
CEC	You	u are	welco	J R	B T	C	O F U N	B U S	T Y N	R A N	O Z I	Y B A	O R L	A L A
C	Yc A X T	2. Fir	welco	J R	B T S	C S G R O	0 F U N	B U S I N	T Y N I T	R A N C	O Z I L	Y B A N	O R L N	A L A N
C E C	A X T R	U P I O	welco	J R O M	B T S I C	C S G R O U	0 F U N U	B U S I N E	T Y N I T	R A N C	O Z I L K	Y B A N K	O R L N	A L A N
C E C O N O	A X T R A	U P I O W	y O M V A	J R O M	B T S I C E	C S G R O U	O F U N U E I	B U S I N E	T Y N I T M E	R A N C H R	O Z I L K N	Y B A N K L	O R L N M O	A L A N C
C E C O N O M	A X T R A D	U P I O W C	y O M V A L	J R O M C	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P O	O F U N U E I O	B U S I N E S	T Y N I T M E	R A N C H R	O Z I L K N E	Y B A N K L	O R L N M O C	A L A N C E B
C E C O N	A X T R A D E	U P I O W C E	welco	J R O M C R	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P	O F U N U E I O E	B U S I N E S S T	T Y N I T M E A V	R A N C H R E	O Z I L K N E P	Y B A N K L X E	O R L N M O C L	A L A N C E B L
C E C O N O M Y	A X T R A D E A	U P I O W C E R	v A L U E	J R O M C R R	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P O	O F U N U E I O	B U S I N E S	T Y N I T M E	R A N C H R	O Z I L K N E	Y B A N K L	O R L N M O C	A L A N C E B
C E C O N O M Y F	A X T R A D E A C L	U P I O W C E R W L	velco	J R O M C R R	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P O K H	O F U N U E I O E D	B U S I N E S S T E	T Y N I T M E A V	R A N C H R E	O Z I L K N E P S	Y B A N K L X E	O R L N M O C L	A L A N C E B L
C E C O N O M Y F	A X T R A D E A C L	U P I O W C E R W L	welco	J R O M C R R	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P O K H	O F U N U E I O E D	B U S I N E S S T E	T Y N I T M E A V	R A N C H R E	O Z I L K N E P S	Y B A N K L X E	O R L N M O C L T	A L A N C E B L
C E C O N O M Y F	A X T R A D E A C L	U P I O W C E R W L	welco	J R O M C R R	B T S I C E L	C S G R O U P O K H	O F U N U E I O E D	B U S I N E S S T E	T Y N I T M E A V	R A N C H R E	O Z I L K N E P S	Y B A N K L X E	O R L N M O C L T	A L A N C E B L

Branch

157 one hundred and fifty-seve

Trade



BDE lectronics can I help you?



3. PAIR WORK: Writing activity. Create a telephone dialogue. Include the following words.

call • help • message • hello • thanks • morning • tomorrow • ask • give

## √Word list

Answering

Ask Meeting

Birth Pleasant

Call Polite

Caller Possible

Certificate Printer

Confident Remember

Electronics Ring

Extension Send

Fax Soon

I'm afraid Wait

Machine Writing pad



1. Write down a dialogue and practice with a classmate.
A:
B:
A;
B: 1 fine! How about you?
A: IWhat's your first name?
B: Myname is
A: Nice to
B: Thanks, See you next class too.
2. Complete the exercises below using:
am are is
a. Helen at home now. She is not at school.
b. Bill and Sarah my friends.
C. Ia new student in this classroom.
d. Sarah Mrs. Green's student.
e. Weclassmates.
f. My sister at school
and Iin my English classes now.
3. Write sentences looking at the pictures and
situations.
We
We we
phonesos
Mr(s) 4448 2527
77130

#### 4. Match the columns.

night
Пні
you?
☐ bye
evening

#### 5. Complete the sentences using the words in the box.

#### tomorrow English teacher Smith classroom thanks students

a.	Istudy	at this school.
		is a teacher.
		is American.
e.	My	is near the Principal's office.
f.		must do their homework every day.
g.	A: Have a nice day.	
	B:	

#### 6. Have fun finding the words below.

Н	R	W	S	Z	M	В	K	C	0	D	В	P	K	T
M	Q	E	Н	L	G	W	L	D	M	R	L	D	1	N
P	C	1	Н	R	В	A	Z	D	G	X	X	G	L	E
U	F	T	E	C	S	F	R	1	E	N	D	S	M	D
1	Н	K	R	5	A	T	R	F	E	Z	Z	E	0	U
T	Н	F	R	R	Н	E	R	Y	R	1	E	W	В	T
K	Н	0	J	G	1	1	T	Z	N	T	Q	S	S	S
N	0	A	1	L	N	V	٧	R	1	J	W	E	1	Q
M	5	N	N	V	C	L	E	D	C	M	R	P	٧	W
L	0	S	L	K	В	R	T	H	E	Y	C	R	G	1
T	Н	U	В	0	5	В	R	Z	1	F	В	M	Y	H
-	F	A	T	F	G	R	N	A	U	C	H	0	S	F
K	V	R	M	U	V	J	J	F	L	D	Q	F	J	N
V	-	1 100	M	E	G	N	1	N	E	V	E	G	Y	P
Z	W	-	A 1000000	1	N	NO.	T	V	5	U	V	R	H	В
D	X	R	M	1	14	1	1							

classroom meet nice evening student teacher tonight friends thanks

#### 1. Use "Let's" + verb to complete the exercise below.

- dinner. It's 7:00p.m. already.

  We have a test at school tomorrow.

  to some music. It is good and relaxing.
- when we play together.
- e. ..... to the club. It is sunny today.

#### 2. Match the verbs to the pictures.

- a. Stand up
- b. Come in
- C. Listen to
- d. Open
- e. Read











#### 3. You are the teacher.

Give commands to your students. Write down a dialogue and read aloud.

۸٠	, my students
A	teache
B:	
	· vou
A: ar	e you?
B:	Inte.
	correct the homework.
A:	correct the homework.
B: It is on page	
A.	exercise one.
A:	, Mrs. Brown.
R.	, IVII 3. DIOVVII.

4. Write down the numb	ers	in 1	rull.
------------------------	-----	------	-------

68.0	
b.	5
C.	7
d.	9
e.	8
4	4

#### 5. Calculus.

a.	3 – 2 = three minus two = one
	2+5+3=
C.	1+5-2=
d.	8 x 1 =
e.	2:1=
f.	10:2-2=

#### 6. Give names to these school objects.

1			
<b> </b>			 
1	***************************************		
/American			 
	<b>/</b>		
*************		***************************************	

#### 7. Unscramble the words and find out sentences.

My/this/English/Is/teacher.
Let's / lesson / start / number / now / two.
Come/ please/ in/ good (evening – afternoon – morning).

B: You say dictionary.

	B:?
1. Questions and answers. What is this?	3. A: What are
X what are these?	В:?
un alla shin?	A: What are
a. What is this?	B:
	5. A: What's
b, What is this?	1 2 3 3
C. What are these?	4 S S
	4. Use the correct possessive adjective.
d. What is this?	a. This is Mrs. Brown's pen. This ispen.
Q. What is this?	b. These are Paul's and John's books. These are books
	Ca This is
e. What are these?	d Is this eraser? (you
	These are Paul's objects. These areobjects
2. Write sentences about the objects on the desk.	Answer the questions using your own information and vocabulary.      Are you an American student?
	b. Is your last name Swanson?
	C. What is your phone number?
V AND TO SEE THE PROPERTY OF T	d. Who is your teacher?
	e. Are you in a Geography class?
	f. Whose English book is this?
Complete the questions using this or these.	g. Whose bags are these?
A: How do you sayin English?	

## 1. Where are you from? a. I'm from Mexico. I'm ..... D. I'm from the USA. I'm C. I'm from England. I'm d. I'm from China. I'm 2. Give name to the countries below. 3. Do you know any nationalities? Where is she from? She is from Switzerland. Where ..... from? ..... from Japan. They're ...... South Africa. They are ..... 4. Use the correct form of the verb To Be. a. Dan ...... an American. He lives in Chicago b. I.....from Brazil. I.....fron Argentina. S. .....you from Peru? d. Where ...... Angelina Jolie from?

My parents ...... from Italy.
 They ...... French.

5. Write questions for the following answers.
a
No. I'm not. I'm a teacher.
tanta a matti ave etimichim analogia
b
My brother is at home.
<b>6.</b>
He is in the cafeteria.
d?
No. I'm not. I am at school now.
e?
They aren't at the club. They are at school.
and the correct word
6. Circle the correct word.
a. I am not / is a student.
<b>b.</b> My mother are / is not at home now.
C. They is / are my classmates.
d. Suzan aren't / is my best school friend.
e. He is / am my favorite singer.
7. Write real sentences.
a. Today is a holiday.
<b>b.</b> We are at the club.
C. I'm from Tokyo. I'm Japanese.
d. I'm not a good student.
My classmates are not my friends.
My teacher is at school.

400 TO	Poss	2	9-	-
	in a	10.0		1
U	alled	the settler of	-	

1. Unscramble the letters and find words.
a. Hoslve -
b. Wlolpi
- Volce -
d. Rmiorr -
e. Lateb
(TIPS: 1. Used to clean snow or move things in great amounts; 2. it is used when we sleep; 3. it shows the time; 4. to look at you; 5. to serve meals)
2. Pack your things.
ou are going to travel and need to put your things in your uitcase. What are you going to take?
Practice the following possessives.
This is my new CD. This new CD is mine.
This is her house.
This is our car.
That is my eraser.
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

d. That is your bag.
e. This is their dictionary.
4. Use: THIS is • THESE are • THAT is • THOSE are.
ahis papers.
bours.
Cbookmine.
dtheir CDs.
e dictionaries yours.
5. Where do you keep things?
Pajamas – bedroom

#### 6. Word search.

E	Н	S	W	D	P	N	A	K	X	R	0	0	M	G
M	5	D	K	D	U	U	E	E	0	C	Y	M	0	L
U	U	Q	1	P	E	L	D	D	Q	J	U	Α	0	E
٧	R	P	T	1	K	M	0	0	R	D	E	В	R	S
L	В	А	C	U	A	D	J	1	Р	A	C	P	G	D
D	Н	J	Н	N	M	R	٧	T	N	Q	G	E	N	G
C	T	A	E	U	U	S	М	N	D	W	D	D	1	Р
Α	0	M	N	Z	M	В	E	X	В	R	C	S	V	D
В	0	Α	R	C	D	U	A	Н	E	S	1	J	1	C
М	T	0	0	T	Н	P	A	S	T	E	0	M	L	M
0	1	A	X	G	Y	W	S	F	E	0	T	C	V	X
C	T	E	K	N	A	L	В	R	D	M	L	W	K	T
T	T	1	X	T	A	J	M	R	Z	D	E	C	M	5
Р	K	F	C	U	L	E	W	0	T	T	K	N	Н	W
L	P	Н	٧	T	٧	R	0	0	M	P	Q	L	T	A

bedroom kitchen livingroom TV
room garden yard basement
clothes toothbrush towel toothpaste
pajamas socks comb makeup
coat cap dress watch blanket

OHILO	ais my friend Hellen.
	bare my brother and sister.
Talking about occupations. Write sentences about these professionals.	dis an actress.
	eare doctors.
	5. Choose the words from the box to complete the sentences below.
	papers friend an classes they actress these ours soccer player occupation
	a. I haveon Thursdays.
	b. My is an English teacher.
	C. are at school.
	d. What's your?
	e. Johnny is a
2. Who works at or in:	f. Anne Hathaway is an
	g. Those books are
	hare his
School	6. Tell about your relatives' occupations
SCHOOL	or jobs.
	a
Hospital	b
Haral	d.
Hotel	
MO I TISSUE TO THE	e,
3. Complete with A - AN - X.	
My sister works in hospital.	7. Match the columns.
b. I wantapple.	Those professionals need
My brother isactor.	a. Mechanic  to go to school and study.
l haveold book.	<b>b</b> Singer  to take care of animals and crops
Those areCDs.	C. Farmer to fix cars.
E allah tanahar	d. Engineer  to sing songs.
Paul and Allan are engineers.	e. Student  to build houses and buildings.

4. Use the correct subject pronoun.

1. What's yo	ur daily ro	utine?	
2			
		10.200000000000000000000000000000000000	······································
e			
質言			13
			real sentences.
			real sentences.
ways often	generally	sometimes go to school	rarely never
ways often	generally	sometimes go to schoo	rarely never on Mondays.
My teacher is. My mother home,	generally	go to school	on Mondays.  absent for classes.  ny grandparents
My teacher is. My mother home.	generally	go to school	on Mondays.  absent for classes.  ny grandparents'

#### like have speak

a.	I my new classmates.
b.	We to learn a new language.
c.	My classmates only English.
d.	Weclasses every week.
e.	You to teach us.

#### 4. Complete the conversation with your own words.

a.	A:	do you ha	ve breakfast in the
	morning?		
	B: 1	have	
	at 7:00 o'clock.		
b.	A: Do	get up at	every day?

am hosa	
am because Ito jog.	
A: What	
arrive there at 7:50 am.	
A: Do you to work? B: I usually take the to go to work.	
5. Complete using WH questions.	
ais your birthday?	
btime do you get up?	
Cdo you study English?	
dis your English teacher?	
edo you live?	
6. Answer the following questions.	
When do you have English classes	
h	
b. What time do you have lunch?	
C. Where do you work?	
d. What do you have for breakfast?	
Why do you study English?	
7. What are the questions?	
a	
I get up at 6:30 am. ?	
b	
l live at 435 Gonzaga Machado St.	
I never drive to work.	
I go to school twice a week.	
2	
I always do my homework.	
3. Prepare questions and ask them to your classmates.	
Classifiates.	

speak live clean the house work teacher language Spanish study

Unit 8	C. My sisters go to the club every week.
1. Use the auxiliaries DO or DOES.	d. They are at school right now.
When	e. We come to work by car.
d. Whatyou do after classes:	
e. Why Helen study English?	6. Complete the sentences referring to some daily activities. Use the verbs in the box.
2. Answer the questions below.	have do sleep wake up take
a. What time do you go to work in the morning?	listen wash watch come have do sleep wake up take go
<b>b.</b> What time does your friend have classes?	a. I the school bus to go to school every day. b. My friend late and always misses the
C. When do your parents travel?	school bus.  C. At school we to the CD and prepare the exercises.
d. Where do you work?	d. My father before he takes a shower and has dinner.  e. I
e. Where does your friend work?	My friends to work by train.
3. Complete the verbs below according to the 3 <sup>rd</sup> person: hesheit	<ul> <li>g. We sometimes extra exercises in class.</li> <li>h. My momhome very late. She always has a busy day.</li> <li>i. I</li></ul>
Teach Come Drink	Webreakfast and go to school.
Get	7. Read the text below and answer.
4. Change the sentences below into the Interrogative form.	Suzanne Gonzales wakes up at six o'clock every morning. She get up, takes a shower, gets dressed, and eats something for breakfas After breakfast she reads the newspaper until 7:15, then she leave
a. My son gets up early every day.	for work. She gets on the bus at the bus stop, rides it to Universi Avenue, gets off, and walks to the office. She works until five o'cloc She usually goes to the club and plays basketball with her frien
b. I leave home at 7:00 a.m.	after work. Then she goes home. Suzanne has a busy day.  What time does Suzanne wake up?
My brother studies in the afternoon.	<b>b.</b> What does she do after she gets up?
Mrs. Helen is my teacher.	C. What does she do after having breakfast?
He always watches TV in the evening.	d. What time does she leave for work?
5. Change the sentences below into the negative form.	e What does Suzanne do during the day?
She wakes up at 6:30 a.m.	What time does she go back home?

**b.** Paul studies with his friend in the morning.

1. Look at the pictures below and write down your routine as a narrative.



		 ***************************************	
 	***************************************	 	

#### 2. Where do you live?











ouse in the city

It is learned that people around the world live in shelters which are houses or dwellings that are not the same. Houses are not the same around the world, because of differences in the following items: sizes, shapes, and colors; hot and cold regions; areas with little or more water; availability or choices of building materials; and populations and activities of people in farms and cities.

How about you? Where do y look like?	ou live? What does your house

#### 3. Complete using the prepositions IN - ON - AT.

a. Will you wait for me ..... the bus stop?

Jane is ......her bedroom.

C. Daria's books are lying .....the floor.

d. The girls didn't want to spend a long time ..... Carnival.

@ I let the cat sit ..... my lap.

Do you live ..... the city or ..... the country?

9. Trent arrived ...... the school building just in time.

The rancher built a fence to keep his cows ..... the pasture.

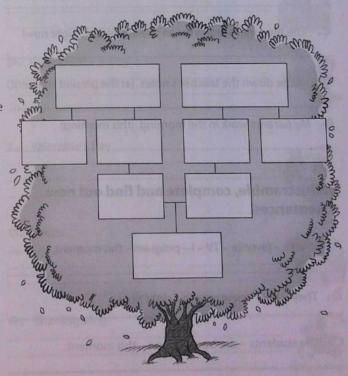
Kevin and Mack are out practicing ..... the football field.

The car stalled and got stuck ..... the street.

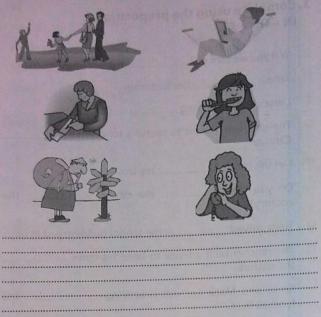
& Audrey lives ..... Third Street.

#### 4. Family Members.

Tell your classmates and teacher about your family. Add information to their names and relation.



#### 1. What are these people doing?



- 2. Change the sentences below into the Present Continuous Tense.
- a. I clean my bedroom every day. (now)
- b. Mrs Helen teaches English at Viena School. (this moment)
- C. The teenager studies for an important test. (right now)
- d. I write down the teacher's notes. (at the present moment)
- e. My parents work in the morning. (this morning)
- 3. Unscramble, complete and find out new sentences.
- a. Watch favorite TV I program this moment.
- **b.** They take new course right now.
- C. The students the book open this moment.

d.	My son – to play – with his – at – the – present mon	600
		SUR

e. We - dance - listen to - music - this moment.

#### 4. What time is it?

$\bigcirc$	
 	***************************************
 	***************************************

#### 5. Write the time in full.

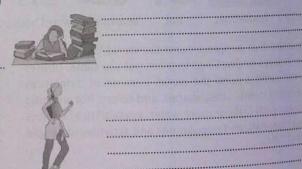
a.	3:15	***************************************
	4:25	***************************************
c.	12:00	******************
d.	5:55	
e.	2:45	
f.	3:55	

#### 6. What do you usually do at this time? Answer.

a.	It's 6:30 a.m.
b.	It's 6:45 p.m.
C.	It's 10:00 o'clock. (p.m.)
d.	It's 12: 35 p.m.

#### 7. What is your classmate doing?

e. It's 4:30 p.m.....





1. Where were you yesterday.	3. When you were a child what things did you use to play with? (give names or look for in the dictionary)
b. school	A par des 21° 7
c. at the store	4. Relate the months and celebrations you know.
d. at home	d. April
e. at the amusement park	f. June
2. Change the sentences according to the example.	a. Father's day
I was at home yesterday. (school) I wasn't at home. I was at school yesterday.	b. Independence Day
le He was a <u>terrible</u> student last semester. (great)	C. Valentine's Day
My friends were at the <u>mall</u> last night. (at the Art galle	d. Easter
I was at the <u>dentist</u> 's yesterday. (doctor)	• Thanksgiving
He was born in <u>Italy.</u> (Germany)	

We were at the party yesterday. (meeting)

1.	Use	the	auxiliary DID, and change t	he	Velna
	into	the	negative form.		

	Worked - didn't worked
a.	Watched
	Played
c.	Stayed
d.	Traveled
e.	Ate
	for the following answers:
2.1	Make questions for the following answers:
a.	I went to Europe last summer.
b.	My friends met their teacher at the dance club.
c.	I studied English last morning.
d.	My mom watched a film yesterday.
0	My parents invited my grandma for dinner.
	No. of the last of the same of
3. A	nswer the questions about yourself.
a.	Where were you last night?
b. '	What did you buy last weekend?
c. 1	Why did you go to the store?
	When did your parents travel to the U.S.A.?
2. \	Who did you invite for dinner?
	A A STATE OF THE S
l. Li	st the things:
did l	ast weekend I didn't do last weekend

## 5. Read the text below and answer the questions



Boy ran away from homework.

Roy ran away Xu Zhiqiang, 10, from Cili town, Hunan province Xu Zhiqiang, 107 and 20 miles away from home ended up thousand not cope with the amount of

homework he was expected to complete during the one month winter homework he was expected homework holiday. Xu said: "Each of us has to finish two thick books of homework holiday. Xu said: "Each of us has to finish two thick books of homework holiday. Xu said: "Each of us has to finish two thick books of homework holiday." holiday. Xu said: "Each of us the holiday. Xu said: "Each of us the holiday. Xu said: "Each of us the holiday. Xu said: "To make matters worse, Xu's morn found."

To make matters worse, Xu's morn found. Take the Mathematics normal mathematics worse, Xu's morn found a mathematics of questions." To make matters worse, Xu's morn found a mathematics and punjshed him by getting him to correct to kinds of questions. To make an experiment of the mission on one question and punished him by getting him to correct the mission on one question and punished answer 100 times. After copying is considered the mission of the answer 100 times. on one question and putilished and times. After copying it 50 times and copy the right answer 100 times. After copying it 50 times and copy the right answer 100 times and hopped onto a train and times. and copy the right answer

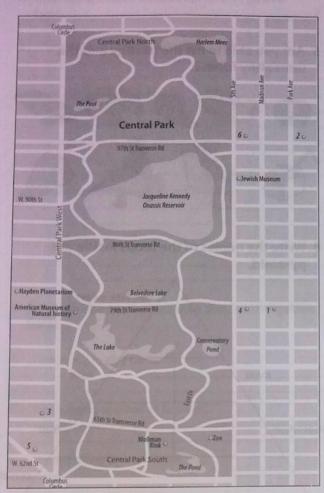
and copy the right answer

exhausted Xu ran out of his home and hopped onto a train. "I stayed

exhausted Xu ran out of his home and hopped onto a train." I stayed exhausted Xu ran out of the seat a day and a night during which I transferred trains as all under the seat a day and a night during which I transferred trains as all under the seat a day and a night during which I transferred trains as all under the seat a day and state of the seat a day and seat a large as all people did and finally I didn't know where I had come to," he said, x<sub>11</sub> people did and finally I didn't know where I had come to," he said, x<sub>12</sub> people did and finally relation, thousands of miles from home, where had reached Guangzhou station, thousands of miles from home, where had reached Guardy and found him the next day. He could not remember a station policeman found him the next day. He could not remember a could not remember the a station policeman for even his full address - but eventually the his telephone number to contact his worried parents. The boy's father policeman managed to contact his worried parents. The boy's father policeman managed to were going desperate. The whole town was out looking for him. Now we finally can breathe normally."

What was the boy's surprising attitude?
Where did he end up?
Why did he run away?
What did Xu and his classmates had to do as homework?
e. Why was Xu punished by his mother?
f. What was his punishment?
<b>g</b> 。 Where did go after running out of his home?
h. Where did Xu stay?
l Why didn't Xu go back home?
j. List the verbs: Simple Past tense.

#### 1. Where is ...



- a. ... the American Museum of Natural history?
- b. ... Central Park?
- ... Jacqueline Kennedy Onassis Reservoir?
- d. ... Jewish Museum?
- @. ... the zoo?
- f. ... the Wollman Rink?
- g. ... Hayden Planetarium?

#### 2. What is there ...?

- a. What is there on East Dr.?
- b. What is there on Madison Avenue?
- C. What is there on Park Avenue?
- d. What is there on 79th St Transverse Rd.?

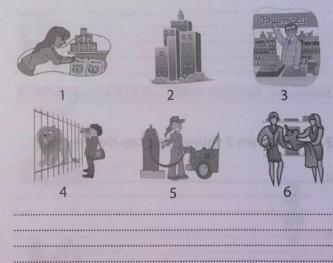
.....

e. What is there on 86th St Transverse Rd.?

#### 3. What is there ...?

- a. What is there in the north of Central Park?
- b. What is there in the south of Central Park?
- C. What is there between W. 62nd St and W 90th St.?
- d. What is there near the Belvedere Lake?
- What is there near the Central Park?

#### 4. What is there on these streets?



	b
1. What can you do? What can't you do?	C.
	5. Are you able to list the healthy and the unhealthy foods?
	00000
\$\frac{1}{3}.	
	6. Write the names of the foods inside the pyramid.
	oil, fats, sweet
2. The professionals below can do different things. What can they do?	
Q o ho o	
<b>多</b>	meat milk
secretary – baby sitter – doctor – hairdresser – chef – lawyer	
secretary - baby sitter - doctor - handlese	vegetables
	cereal
	7. What do you like to eat? Do you usually eat healthy food?
3. Write down 3 things you can do very well.	
a	
b	Reading Practice In 1999, almost 108 million adult Americans were overweight or obese. If you are overweight or obese, carrying this extra weight puts you at risk for developing many diseases, especially heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and cancer. Losing this weight helps to
C	disease, stroke, diabetes, and cancer. Losing this weight prevent and control these diseases. The NHLBI guidelines provide you with a new approach for the measurement of overweight and obesity and a set of steps for safe and effective weight loss.

4. Write down 3 things you can't do.

	What are you going to do after work?
Change the sentences into the negative form.	Where are you going to travel this vacation?
They are going to watch TV after school.	
b. Iam going to play cards.	Who are you going to invite to your birthday party?
C. He is going to study in a few minutes.	4. What are these people going to do?
d. We are going to take a test this evening.	Mom
e. John is going to swim.	Dad
2. Change the sentences into the interrogative form.	Friends
a. I am going to play cards.	Alak
b. Ann is going to travel on business.	The maid
C. You are going to read a book.	
d. My parents are going to take an English course.	My brother
e. I am going to do my homework.	
	5. When you are in the office who can you meet there?
3. Answer these questions.	
a. What are you going to do after class?	
b. What is your friend going to do after class?	
What is your teacher going to do after class?	

## 1) Who says... on the phone or in the office?

#### 1. Can I help you?

- a. The caller
- b. The cleaner
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 2. Can I speak to Ms. Dupont, please?

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 3. Who's calling, please?

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 4. This is Jane Coolimoor from Apex Industries.

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 5. One moment, please.

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 6. Just a moment, please.

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 7. Putting you through.

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 8. I'm afraid she's out of the office today. I'm replacing her. Can I help you?

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 9. Can I take a message?

- a. The caller
- b. The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 10. Tricia Mellor speaking.

- a. The caller
- . The operator
- C. The person who is receiving the call

#### 2) Choose the correct answer

#### 1. Where goods are produced.

- a. Head Office
- b. the Accounts department
- c. the cafeteria
- d. the factory

#### 2. Where finished goods are kept.

- a. Head Office
- b. the warehouse
- C. the cafeteria
- d. the factory

#### 3. Where the workers have lunch.

- a. the cafeteria
- b. Head Office
- c. the Accounts department
- d. the factory

#### 4. Where the directors meet.

- a. the Accounts department
- b. the warehouse
- C. the cafeteria
- d. the boardroom

#### 5. Where the accountants work.

- a. the Accounts department
- b. the warehouse
- C. the boardroom
- d. the factory

#### 6. Where the computer people work.

- a. Data Processing
- b. the warehouse
- C. the boardroom
- d. the factory

#### 7. Where the sales people 'work'.

- a. any expensive restaurant
- b. the warehouse
- C. the boardroom
- d. the factory

#### 8. Where 'they' know nothing.

- a. the warehouse
- b. head office
- C. the cafeteria
- d. the factory

**	
NEW Task ENGLISH	Book

	ENGO					
		UNIT		TRACK		
1 1 2			Introduction – Important Point – The Alphabet			
			How are you, Mrs. Brown?			
				3		Important Point 1 – Greetings
				4		Conversation
				5		Important Point 2 – Verb To Be
				6		Use the right verb: AM, ARE or IS
				7		Word List
			-	8		Verb Forms and Expressions
	2			,		Let's Begin: 1, 2, 3 and 4
			1	0	1	mportant Expressions
			1	1	E	exercises. Use the Right Word
			1	2	11	mportant Point 1 – Numbers
			1	3	V	Vord List and Verb Forms
	3		1	4	V	/hat is this?
			15	5		nportant Point 1 – ossessive Adjectives
			16	,		rercises – Answer e following questions
			17			se the right possessive: er, his, their, our, my
			18		W	ord List and Verb Forms
1	4	September 1	19		As	king and Giving Information
		-	20		lm	portant Point 1
		-	21		lm	portant Point 2 – Verb To Be

	22	Complete with the correct form of verb TO BE: Affirmative, Interrogative or Negative forms
	23	Change into questions
	24	Change into negative
	25	Word List and Verb Forms
5	26	John's bedroom is a mess
	27	Important Point 1 – Possessive Pronouns
	. 28	Exercises – Use the right possessive
	29	Conversation – First day of class
	30	Important Point 2 – Demonstrative Pronouns
	31	Exercises – Complete the sentences with this is or theses are
	32	Word List and Verb Forms
6	33	What is your occupation?
	34	Exercises – Complete with: A – An – X
	35	Use the right word
	36	Word List and Verb Forms
7	37	Tell me about your life
	38	Important Point 1 – The Simple Present Tense – Affirmative, Negative and Interrogative
	39	Exercises - Circle the correct verb
	40	Conversation – John's Routine
	41	Important Point 2 – Adverbs
	42	Exercises – Listen and unscramble
	43	Word List and Verb Forms
8	44	Conversation: Harry is an excellent teacher

	45	Important Point 1 - 3 <sup>rd</sup> Person He – She – It	
	46	Exercises – Complete the blanks, with the correct form of the verb in parentheses	
	47	Reading Practice: Herbert	
	48	Exercises – Circle the correct form	
	49	Conversation: It's bedtime	
	50	Important Point 2 – Days of the week	
	51	Word List and Verb Forms	
9	52	Where do you live?	
	53	Important Point 1 – Prepositions – On – In – At	
	54	Exercises – Use the right preposition	
	55	Word List and Verb Forms	
10	56	What are you doing?	
	57	Important Point 1 – Present Continuous	
	58	Important Point 2 – Numbers 10-1000	
	59	What are they doing?	
	60	Match the columns	
	61	Word List and Verb Forms	
11	62	Where were you yesterday?	
	63	Important Point 1 – Verb To be – Past Tense	
	64	Exercises – Circle the correct verb	
	65	Important Point 2 – Months	
	66	The seasons in Brazil	
	67	Word List and Verb Forms	
12	68	What did you do last summer?	

	69	Important Point 1 – Regular and Irregular Verbs – Past Tense
	70	Exercises – Listen and unscramble
	71	Reading Practice
	72	Word List and Verb Forms
13	73	Where is the bank?
	74	Important Point 1 – There + To Be
	75	Exercises – Complete the sentences with: is – are – isn't or aren't
	76	Important Point 2 – Locations – Prepositions
	77	Reading Practice – Read this information about some places
	78	Word List and Verb Forms
14	79	Can you
	80	Important Point 1 – Can/To be able/Can't
	81	Listen and Practice
	82	Word List and Verb Forms
15	83	I am going to travel on business
	84	Important Point 1
	85	Exercises – Complete this dialogue using the future
	86	Important Point 2 – Business Point 2
	87	New York - Attraction
	88	London
89		Word List and Verb Forms
16 90		BDE Electronics, can I help you?
		Important Point 1 – Answering the phone politely